# SAFETY DATA SHEET



**Emergency Telephone** 

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## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

## **Product identifier**

## ATACAND PLUS TABLETS

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

: ASTRAZENECA PTY LTD

PO Box 131

Alma Road, North Ryde

NSW 2113 AUSTRALIA +61 2 9978 3500

Safety Data Sheets. Alder ley Park@astrazene ca.com

## **Alternative Names**

Atacand HCT 8/12.5mg, 16/12.5mg, 32/12.5mg and 32/25mg Candesartan Cilexetil and Hydrochlorothiazide tablets

CAS No. : Not applicable Use : antihypertensive agent

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification UN GHS					
Hazard class	Category	Hazard statements			
Reproductive toxicity Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1A 2	H360 H373			
repealed exposure		# Refer to Section 16 'Other Information'			

Label elements					
Signal word Danger					
Hazard stateme	ents				
H360	May damage the unborn child.				
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.				
Precautionary s	statements				
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.				
P261	Avoid breathing dust.				
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required.				
Page 1 of 6	Pavision : 22.00.2				

Page 1 of 6 Revision: 22.09.2015

P308 + P313 : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved incineration plant.

#### Other hazards

May cause lowering of blood pressure. The product may form flammable dust clouds in air, if dust from crushed tablets is allowed to accumulate.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Mixture:

Component	%	CAS No.		
Candesartan Cilexetil	6 - 12	145040-37-	5	
	Hazard clas	ss #	Category	Hazard statements #
	Reproduct	ive toxicity	1A	H360
	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure		2	H373
	Chronic aquatic toxicity		4	H413
Component	%	CAS No.		
Hydrochlorothiazide	5 - 10	58-93-5	58-93-5	
	Hazard clas	ss #	Category	Hazard statements #
	Acute aquatic toxicity		3	H402

<sup>#</sup> Refer to Section 16 'Other Information'

## 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

## Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Remove patient from exposure. Obtain medical attention if ill effects occur.

Skin Contact Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin with soap and water. If symptoms (irritation or

blistering) occur obtain medical attention.

Irrigate with eyewash solution or clean water, holding the eyelids apart, for at least 10 **Eye Contact** 

minutes. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water and give 200-300ml of water to drink. Do NOT induce vomiting

as a First-Aid measure. Obtain medical attention if ill effects occur.

## Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Refer to sections 2 and 11

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Symptomatic treatment and supportive therapy as indicated. For further detail consult the prescribing information.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

water spray, foam, dry powder or CO2. Extinguishing Media (suitable)

Extinguishing Media (unsuitable) Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of

a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.

Special hazards arising from the

substance or mixture

If involved in a fire, it may burn and emit noxious and toxic

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Page 2 of 6

A self contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective

Revision: 22.09.2015

clothing should be worn in fire conditions.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure suitable personal protection during removal of spillages.

See Section 8. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air.

Environmental Precautions : Prevent entry into drains, sewers or watercourses.

Methods and material for containment and

cleaning up

Transfer spilled tablets to a suitable container for disposal.

Wash the spillage area with water.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands after use.

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. The product may form flammable dust clouds in air, if dust from crushed tablets is

allowed to accumulate.

Conditions for safe storage, including any

incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed and dry.

Storage temperature : < 30 °C

Specific end use(s) : Not applicable, refer to Section 1

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control parameters**

## **Occupational Exposure Limit Value**

Components	Value	Control parameters	Comments
Candesartan Cilexetil	0,001 mg/m3	LTEL 8hr TWA	COM, HYG
Hydrochlorothiazide	0,5 mg/m3	LTEL 8hr TWA	COM, HYG

#### **Exposure Controls**

The specific controls will depend on local circumstances and should be based on the risk assessment. Appropriate controls to reduce exposure may include engineering controls, for example ventilation, procedural controls and the use of personal protection equipment.

Prevent entry into drains, sewers or watercourses.

## Occupational exposure controls

Decisions about whether the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) is appropriate as part of the control strategy should be based on the workplace risk assessment and should take account of local legislative requirements for selection and use. There are multiple factors that will affect the specific requirements such as amount and concentration of the material, duration of exposure, frequency of exposure, external environmental conditions, the task, the user etc.

The information below should not be used in isolation and should be considered in the context of the workplace risk assessment on a case by case basis.

The recommended personal protective equipment (PPE) is based on preventing the potential adverse health effects from exposure to the active pharmaceutical ingredient (API). The risk of exposure to the API in the formulation/product needs to be taken into consideration.

## Respiratory protection

Use an air fed hood if the risk assessment does not support the selection of other protection.

#### Skin protection

Use impervious clothing to protect against direct contact with the product or for repeated, excessive handling use full chemical protective suit if the risk assessment does not support the selection of other protection. Use impervious protective gloves to protect against direct contact with the product. If the product is dissolved or wetted use a glove material that is resistant to the solvent/liquid.

#### Eye protection

Use safety glasses to protect against direct contact with the product if the risk assessment does not support the selection of other protection.

Page 3 of 6 Revision: 22.09.2015

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form : tablets

Colour : 8/12.5mg : white 16/12.5mg : peach 32/12.5mg :yellow 32/25 mg:

light pink

#### Other information

## No other data available

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No known reactivity hazard under normal conditions.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : None known.

Conditions to avoid : No conditions producing hazardous situations known.

Incompatible materials : None known.

Hazardous decomposition

products

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The following health hazard assessment is based on a consideration of the composition of this product.

Inhalation : May cause effects as described under single exposure.(STOT)

Skin Contact : No evidence of irritant effects from normal handling and use.

Eye Contact : No evidence of irritant effects from normal handling and use.

Ingestion : Low acute oral toxicity.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity

(STOT)

Single exposure

Exposure routes: Oral

May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, dizziness and weakness.,

May cause lowering of blood pressure.

Repeated exposure
Exposure routes: Oral
Target Organs: See below.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Studies in animals have shown that repeated doses produce adverse

effects, on, kidneys, heart, and, blood

Sensitisation : No information available.

Carcinogenicity : It is unlikely to present a carcinogenic hazard to man.

Mutagenicity : No information available.

Reproductive toxicity : May cause harm to the unborn child.

Foetal and neonatal toxicity in babies born to women receiving treatment

during pregnancy has been reported.

Page 4 of 6 Revision: 22.09.2015

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

There is no data available for this product. This environmental hazard assessment is based on information available on the components of the formulation.

Toxicity : Candesartan Cilexetil :

EC50 Algae 72 H > 0,012 mg/l

Hydrochlorothiazide:

EC50 Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae) 72 H 34,35 mg/l NOEC Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) 72 H 100 mg/l

Candesartan Cilexetil:

EC50 Daphnia magna 48 H > 0,016 mg/l

Hydrochlorothiazide:

NOEC Daphnia magna 21 d (reproduction) 100 mg/l

Candesartan Cilexetil : LC50 Fish 96 H > 0,017 mg/l

Hydrochlorothiazide:

NOEC fathead minnow 30 d 10 mg/l

Effect on Effluent

Treatment

No information available.

Persistence and degradability : Candesartan Cilexetil : Not readily biodegradable. Hydrochlorothiazide :

The substance is partially biodegradable in water.

Bioaccumulative potential : Candesartan Cilexetil :

The substance has high potential for bioaccumulation. May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Mobility in soil : Candesartan Cilexetil :

The substance is essentially insoluble in water.

Other adverse effects : No information available.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods : Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national legislation.

Waste, even small quantities, should never be poured down drains, sewers or water courses. Normal waste disposal is via incineration operated by an

accredited disposal contractor.

Contaminated Packaging : Empty container will retain product residue. Observe all hazard precautions.

## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT RESTRICTED FOR TRANSPORT

Page 5 of 6 Revision: 22.09.2015

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Regulations, 40 CFR 710: This product is a drug and is exempt from TSCA regulation when manufactured, processed or distributed in commerce for use as a drug. CERCLA and SARA Regulations (40 CFR 302,355,370 and 372): This product does not contain any chemicals subject to applicable reporting requirements. Other Determined Regulations: California Proposition 65: This product does not contain a listed chemical. Discarded product is not considered a "hazardous waste" under RCRA, 40 CFR 261.

In order to comply with legal duties it is necessary to consult local and national legislation.

## **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Hazard statements H360 : May damage the unborn child.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H402: Harmful to aquatic life.

H413: May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

The following sections contain revisions or new statements:

Minor changes:, 1, 3, 4, 6, 8, 16

## **GLOSSARY**

COM : In-house occupational exposure limit

LTEL : Long-term exposure limit (8 hour TWA (time-weighted average))
STEL : Short-term exposure limit (15-minute TWA (time-weighted average))

TLV : Threshold Limit Value (ACGIH)

TLV-C : Threshold Limit Value - Ceiling limit (ACGIH)

HYG : An in-house analytical method for occupational exposure monitoring is available

Sk : Can be absorbed through skin, thus contributing to systemic effects

Sen : Capable of causing respiratory sensitisation

This Glossary is applicable to Substances for which Hazardous Ingredients/Occupational Exposure Limits are assigned.

Page 6 of 6 Revision: 22.09.2015