Safety Data Sheet AQUARIAN B121



| 1. Identification | |
|---|--|
| Product identifier | AQUARIAN B121 |
| Product code | B121 |
| Other means of identification | None. |
| Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use | Boiler water treatment. |
| Manufacturer | AQUARIAN CHEMICALS INC. 768 Westgate Road Oakville, Ontario Canada L6L 5N2 Tel. 905-825-3711 Fax 905-825-0177 www.aquarianchemicals.com info@aquarianchemicals.com |
| Emergency phone number | Canutec: 613-996-6666 |

2. Hazard identification

Summary

FLAMABLE LIQUID! CORROSIVE! TOXIC! Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid all contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe vapors, mists or aerosols. Do not ingest. If ingested consult physician immediately and show this Safety Data Sheet. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved.

WHMIS 2015/OSHA HCS 2012/GHS

Flammable liquids (Category 3)
Acute toxicity, oral (Category 3)
Acute toxicity, dermal (Category 3)
Acute toxicity, inhalation (Category 4)
Skin corrosion/irritation (Category 1)



Serious eye damage/eye irritation (Category 1)

Reproductive toxicity (Category 2)

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC)

Other hazards which do not result in classification:

Acute hazard to the aquatic environment (Category 3).

DANGER

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour

H301 + H311: Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H3xx: May cause severe respiratory tract damage

H332: Harmful if inhaled

H361F: Suspected of damaging fertility P201: Obtain special instructions before use.

P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.

P233: Keep container tightly closed.

P240: Ground or bond container and receiving equipment.

P241: Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment.

P242: Use only non-sparking tools.

P261: Avoid breathing mist, vapors and spray.

P264: Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection.

P301+P330+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth and immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P331: Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+340+P312: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a

POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.

P312: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P308+313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P361 + P364: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P403+235: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents and container to a licensed chemical disposal agency in accordance with local, regional and national regulations.

| 3. Composition/information on ingredients | | | | | | | |
|---|----------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Common name CAS Weight % content | | | | | | | |
| Cyclohexylamine 108-91-8 6 - 8 % | | | | | | | |
| Morpholine | 110-91-8 | 2 - 4 % | | | | | |

| 4. First-aid | measures |
|------------------------|--|
| Inhalation | Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by trained personnel. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention. |
| Skin contact | Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Avoid touching eyes with contaminated body parts. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention. |
| Eye contact | IMMEDIATELY flush with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to rinse properly. If a problem develops or persists, seek medical attention. |
| Ingestion | DO NOT induce vomiting, unless recommended by medical personnel. If victim is conscious wash out mouth with water and give 1-2 glasses of water to drink. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or convulsing. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips level to prevent aspiration into the lungs. Seek medical attention or contact a Poison Centre immediately. |
| Other | No information available. |
| Symptoms | May cause skin burns and eye damage. May cause burns to the respiratory tract. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression characterized by headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, drowsiness and fatigue. |
| Notes to the physician | Treat according to person's condition and specifics of exposure. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. |

| 5. Fire-fighting measures | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Dried powder, water spray, carbon dioxide (CO2), chemical foam. Do not use direct water jet. | | | | | |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Flammable liquid and vapors. May be ignited by heat, sparks, flame or static electricity. Emits toxic fumes under fire conditions. | | | | | |
| Special protective equipment | Firefighters must wear self contained breathing apparatus with full face mask. Firefighting suit may not be efficient against chemicals. | | | | | |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. | | | | | |

| 6. Accidental release measures | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Do not touch spilled material. Make sure to wear personal protective equipment mentioned in this Safety Data Sheet. | | | | |
| Environmental precautions | Prevent entry in sewer and other enclosed area. For a large spillage, consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities. | | | | |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Remove sources of ignition. Ventilate the area well. Stop leak, if it's possible to do so without risk. Absorb with inert material (soil, sand, vermiculite) and place in an appropriate waste disposal clearly identified. Use non-sparkling and antistatic tools. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. | | | | |

| 7. Handling and | 7. Handling and storage | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Precautions for safe handling | Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid all sources of ignition. Use non-sparkling and antistatic tools. Ground/bond all containers when transfer large quantities (5 gallons US or 20 L and more). Use only in well ventilated area. Do not breathe vapors, mists or aerosols. Avoid all contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear eye protection, gloves and other protective clothing that are adapted to the task being performed and the risks involved. Keep in the workplace only the quantities necessary for the work being performed. Keep containers tightly closed when not used. Do not eat, do not drink and do not smoke during use. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling this compound and before eating, drinking or using toilet articles. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. | | | | | |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | Storage and handling should follow the NFPA 30 Flammable and/or Combustible Liquids Code and the National Fire Code of Canada (NFCC). Ground or bond large containers. Store tightly close and in properly labelled containers in a cool, dry and well ventilated place. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep away from direct sunlight and heat. Keep off freezing. Store away from oxidizing materials and incompatible materials (see section 10). | | | | | |
| Storage temperature | 5 to 40°C (41 to 104°F) | | | | | |

| 8. Exposure cont | 8. Exposure controls/personal protection | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health | Morpholine: 1400 ppm. | | | | |

| Cyclohexylamine | TWA (8h) | 10 ppm | | ACGIH , BC, ON |
|----------------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| | | 10 ppm | 41 mg/m ³ | RSST |
| Morpholine | TWA (8h) | 20 ppm | | ACGIH , BC |
| | | 20 ppm | 70 mg/m ³ | ON , OSHA |
| | | 20 ppm | 71 mg/m ³ | RSST (Pc) |
| Appropriate engineering controls | | | | haust) to keep the airborn pective occupational exposure limits. |
| Individual protection r | neasures | | | |
| Eye | • | 5 55 | contact with eyes or the pirator may be required in | face, wear a face shield. If nstead. |
| Hands | product. Wear nitril gloves. Be aware the | e gloves, neoprene g hat the liquid may per | loves, butyl rubber glove netrate the gloves. Frequ | s when handling this chemical es or multilayer polymer laminate ent change is advisable. Before |
| | Gloves must only b | • | ds. Wash gloves with wa | now tears, pinholes, or signs of wear ter before removing them. After |
| Skin | Gloves must only busing gloves, hand: Personal protective and the risks involv code. Wear syntherwith skin. To clean | e worn on clean hands should be washed as equipment for the boxed. Wear normal wortic or a neoprene aproup a spill, if necessar | ds. Wash gloves with wa and dried thoroughly. ody should be selected b k clothing covering arms on, if necessary, to prevery, wear a synthetic polye | now tears, pinholes, or signs of wears ter before removing them. After assed on the task being performed and legs as required by employer ent repeated or prolonged contact ethylene coveralls such as the le protection against liquid chemical. |
| Skin Respiratory | Gloves must only busing gloves, hands Personal protective and the risks involved. Wear synther with skin. To clean Tychem (DuPont) of the factor (APF) up to 1 fitted with P100 filter respirator mask with Threshold Limit Value of the synthesis o | se worn on clean hands should be washed as equipment for the boxed. Wear normal wortic or a neoprene aproup a spill, if necessary equivalent coveralls ent ventilation or in conto times the exposure ers. For an APF until in the appropriate cartridglue, wear any self-contos should be washed as a self-cont | ds. Wash gloves with ware and dried thoroughly. Ody should be selected by k clothing covering arms on, if necessary, to prevery, wear a synthetic polyes manufactured to provide infined or enclosed spaces limit: wear a half mask maximum 100 times of eiges and P100 filters. For | ased on the task being performed and legs as required by employer ent repeated or prolonged contact ethylene coveralls such as the le protection against liquid chemical. e and for an assigned protection respirator with appropriate cartridges xposure limit, wear a full face concentrations higher than the atus that has a full face piece and is |





Goggles

Neoprene gloves (thin)

| 9. Physical and chemical properties | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Physical state | Liquid | Flammability | Combustible | | | |
| Colour | Clear to yellow | Flammability limits | N/Av. | | | |
| Odour | Ammonia-like | Flash point | 60°C (140°F) Tagliabu open cup | | | |
| Odour threshold | N/Av. | Auto-ignition temperature | N/Av. | | | |
| рН | 10 | Sensibility to electrostatic charges | N/Av. | | | |
| Melting point | 0°C (32°F) | Sensibility aux sparks and/or friction | N/Av. | | | |
| Freezing point | 0°C (32°F) | Vapour density | N/Av. (Air = 1) | | | |
| Boiling point | <130°C (266°F) | Relative density | 1.09 kg/L (Water = 1) | | | |
| Solubility | Highly soluble in water. | Partition coefficient n-octanol/water | N/Av. | | | |

| Evaporation rate | ation rate N/Av. Decomposition temperature | | N/Av. | | |
|-----------------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Vapour pressure | 0.8 to 5kPa (6 to 37.5 mm Hg) @ 20°C (68°F) | Viscosity | N/Av. | | |
| Percent Volatile 100% | | Molecular mass | N/Ap. | | |
| N/Av.: N | ot Available N/Ap.: Not Applicable | Und.: Undetermined | N/E: Not Established | | |

| 10. Stability and reactivity | |
|--|---|
| Reactivity | No information available for this product. |
| Chemical stability | Stable under recommended storage conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions (including polymerizations) | A dangerous reaction will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Avoid heat, flame and sparks. Avoid contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Strong oxidizing agents (such as nitric acid, perchloric acid, peroxides, chlorates and perchlorates), acids. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

| Numerical measures of toxicity | | halation | 156 mg/kg 7.5 mg/l/4h 277 mg/kg | Rat | LD50 LC50 LD50 | | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------|---|
| | • | • | 1050 mg/kg | | LD50 | | | | |
| | In | | >24 mg/l/4h | | LC50 | | | | |
| | S | | 9.4 mg/l/4h 504 mg/kg | | | | | | |
| Likely routes of exposure | Skin, eyes, inhalation | | | | | | | | |
| Delayed, immediate and chronic effects | Eye contact | of rab | | TG 405) | . Cyclohe | xylamine ir | nduces se | rious eye d | orrosive to the eyes lamages in rabbits NRS). |
| | Skin contact | cause those corros | large amoui for ingestion | nts of m and de in (OEC | aterial to bath. May on TG 404 | be absorbe cause skin b). Cyclohe | ed and cau burns. Un | ise toxic ef | everal hours can fects similar to orpholine is e to rabbit skin with |
| | Inhalation | conce | | y cause | central n | ervous sys | tem depre | ssion char | ry system, High acterized by |
| | Ingestion | Toxic | if swallowed s digestive to | . May ca | ause burns | s to mouth | , throat an | d stomach | . Swallowing will ramps and |
| | Respiratory or ski sensitization IRAC/NTP Classification | respira | dients preser atory sensitiz gredients liste | zers. | els greater | than or ed | qual to 0.1 | % of this p | roduct are skin or |
| | Carcinogenicity | | dients preser as a carcino | | | | | | roduct are not |
| | Mutagenicity | | | | | | | | |

| Î | l | | |
|---------------------|---|--|--|
| | | Ingredients in this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% are not known to cause mutagenic effect. | |
| | Reproductive toxicity | Tests on rats showed that cyclohexylamine is toxic to sperm. It decreases male fertility but has no effect on females fertility. No effect was observed on the embryo development (CERI Hazard Data 2001-54 (2002)). | |
| | Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure | No target organ is listed. | |
| | Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | No target organ is listed. | |
| Interactive effects | No information available for this product. | | |
| Other information | The oral acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of the mixture was calculated to be greater than 50 mg/Kg but lower than 300 mg/kg. This value is classified according to GHS: Acute toxicity, oral (Category 3). The skin acute toxicity estimates (ATE) of the mixture was calculated to be greater than 200 mg/kg but lower than 1000 mg/Kg. This value is classified according to GHS: Acute toxicity, dermal (Category 3). The acute toxicity estimate (ATE) by inhalation of the mixture was calculated to be greater than 10 mg/L/4h but lower than 20 mg/L/4h. This value is classified according to GHS: Acute toxicity, inhalation (Category 4). | | |

| 12. Ecological information | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Ecological toxicity | Fish - Oryzias latipes Fish - Oryzias latipes Aquatic Invertebrate - Daphnia Magna, Water flea, fresh water Algea, Pseudokirchnerilla subcapitata Fish - Leuciscus idus | LC50 33 mg/L; 96h (cyclohexylamine) LC50 >100 mg/L; 96h (morpholine) EC50 45 mg/L; 48h (morpholine) EC50 51 mg/L; 72h (morpholine) LC50 44 mg/L; 96h (cyclohexylamine) | | |
| Persistence | No persistent in environment. | | | |
| Degradability | The product in air rapidly decomposed by photochemical processes, mainly through oxidation by hydroxyl free radicals as well as some decomposition by direct photolysis. Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) of 61% show that cyclohexylamine is rapidly degrading. EG is readily biodegradable (96% in 28 days) OECD Guideline 301D. | | | |
| Bioaccumulative potential | No bioaccumulation. Cyclohexylamine is not expected to bioaccumulate based on measured bioconcentration factors (BCF) of 3.2 and a low partition coefficient (Log Kow 1.49). Morpholine is not expected to bioaccumulate based on measured bioconcentration factors (BCF) of < 2.8 (OECD 305C) and a low partition coefficient (Log Kow -2.5). | | | |
| Mobility in soil | The estimated Koc value of 150 for cyclohexylamine suggests a very high mobility in soil. The Koc of morpholine is estimated as 7.4 using suggests a very high mobility in soil. | | | |
| Other adverse effects | This chemical does not deplete the ozone layer. | | | |

13. Disposal considerations



Important! Prevent waste generation. Use in full. DO NOT throw residual to sewer, streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Residues and empty containers must be considered as hazardous waste. Dispose via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Observe all federal, state/provincial and municipal regulations. If necessary consult the Department of Environment or the relevant authorities.

| 14. Transport information | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| UN Number | UN 2920 | | | |
| UN Proper Shipping Name | CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (cyclohexylamine, morpholine) | | | |
| Environmental hazards | This material is listed as a marine pollutant. | | | |
| Special precautions for user | Permit required for transportation with proper placards displayed on vehicle. | | | |
| TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada) | | | | |
| Transport hazard class(es) | Class 8 Class 3 | | | |
| Packing group | II | | | |
| Emergency response guidebook 2012 | 132 | | | |
| IMO/IMDG - Internationa | I Maritime Transport | | | |
| Classification | UN 2920. CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (cyclohexylamine, morpholine). Class 8 (3), PG II. Emergency schedules (EmS-No) F-E, S-C | | | |
| IATA - International Air Transport Association | | | | |
| Classification | UN 2920. CORROSIVE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (cyclohexylamine, morpholine). Class 8 (3), PG II. | | | |
| These transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper transportation classification and packaging. In addition, if a domestic exemption exists, it is the responsibility of the shipper to define the application of it. | | | | |

| 15. Regulatory information | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Other regulations | UNITED STATE OF AMERICA: - Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA): All ingredients are listed in the TSCA Inventory or otherwise comply with TSCA requirements EPCRA Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: No material is listed CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act): No material is listed EPCRA Section 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substances: Cyclohexylamine (CAS no 108-91-8) Clean Water Act (CWA) 311 Hazardous Substances: No material is listed Clean Water Act (CWA) Priority Pollutants: No material is listed Clean Air Act (CAA) 111: Morpholine (CAS no 108-91-8) Clean Air Act (CAA 112b) HON - Hazardous Organic National Emission Air Pollutants: Cyclohexylamine (CAS no 108-91-8) Clean Air Act (CAA 112b) HAP - Hazardous Air Pollutants: No material is listed CAA 112(r) Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention: Cyclohexylamine (CAS no 108-91-8) California Proposition 65: No material is listed. | | | |

- Canada DSL and NDSL:

All ingredients are listed in the Domestic Substances List (DSL).

- Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory Substances (NPRI):

No material is listed.

WHMIS 1988







B3

o Da Combustible Lieui

Class B3: Combustible Liquid

Class D1B: Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects

Class E: Corrosive material

HMIS







| 16. Other | information |
|-----------|-------------|
| Data | AOHADIAN C |

| Dale | |
|--------------|--|
| (YYYY-MM-DD) | |

AQUARIAN CHEMICALS INC. 2015-09-17

Version

01

Other information

REFERENCES:

- Haz-Map, Information on Hazardous Chemicals and Occupational Diseases, http://hazmap.nlm.nih.gov/index.php
- Service du répertoire toxicologique de la Commission de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CSST), http://www.reptox.csst.gc.ca
- IPCS INCHEM, Chemical Safety Information from Intergovernmental Organizations, Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety (CCOHS), Copyright International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS), http://www.inchem.org
- NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, NIOSH Publications, 2007, http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/npg.html
- OECD Existing Chemicals Database, Chemicals Screening Information DataSet (SIDS) for High Volume Chemicals, UNEP publications, http://webnet.oecd.org/HPV/UI/Search.aspx
- Database, Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité, http://www.inrs.fr/accueil/produits/bdd.html
- TOXNET Databases, Toxicology Data Network, NIH U.S. National Library of Medicine, http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/
- Toxicological Review, Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS), USA Environment Protection Agency, www.epa.gov/iris

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USA) NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP: National Toxicology Program

RSST: Règlement sur la santé et la sécurité du travail (Québec)

GHS: Globally Harmonized System

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min)

TWA: Time Weighted Averages

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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