

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. Product and Company Identification

**Material name** 1100, 1188, 2319, 4043, 5154, 5183, 5356, 5554, 5556, 5654, 718 (4047), 10 Braze Alloy

Version #

23-July-2014 Issue date

**Revision date** Supersedes date

CAS# Mixture

**Product Type** Aluminum Wires and Rods

**MSDS Number** 0128

Product use Metal welding

Manufacturer information

Harris Products Group Manufacturer/Supplier

> 4501 Quality Place Mason, Ohio 45040 US custservmason@jwharris.com

Telephone number 513-754-2000

**Emergency Telephone** 

1-888-609-1762 (US, Canada, Mexico only)

**Numbers** 

Please quote 333988

## 2. Hazards Identification

Solid. Physical state

Solid rods that have a metallic luster. **Appearance** 

WARNING **Emergency overview** 

May cause cancer. May cause eye, skin and respiratory tract irritation. Toxic: danger of serious

This product is considered hazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200 (Hazard Communication).

damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

**OSHA** regulatory status

Potential health effects

Inhalation. Skin contact. Eye contact.

Routes of exposure

Fumes from heated material may cause eye irritation. Dust may irritate the eyes. Exposure to hot **Eyes** 

material may cause thermal burns.

Skin Exposure to hot material may cause thermal burns. Dust may irritate skin.

Inhalation Inhalation of fumes may cause a flu-like illness called metal fume fever. Inhalation of dusts may

cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational exposure.

Respiratory system. Eyes. Skin. Central nervous system. **Target organs** 

**Chronic effects** Chronic inhalation of fumes or dust may cause irritation or other respiratory conditions (e.g.,

bronchitis). May cause lung damage.

During welding chromium may be oxidized and form chromium (VI) (hexavalent chromium) ions. Hexavalent chromium and its compounds are on the IARC and NTP lists as posing respiratory and sinus cancer risk. Asthma has been reported in some sensitized individuals. Skin contact may

result in irritation, ulceration, sensitization, and contact dermatitis.

Chronic inhalation of high concentrations of iron oxide fumes or dust may lead to benign

pneumoconiosis (siderosis).

Overexposure to manganese fumes may affect the brain and central nervous system, resulting in poor coordination, difficulty speaking, and arm or leg tremor. This condition can be irreversible.

Refer to Section 11 Toxicological Information for more details.

Contact may cause irritation and redness. Dust may irritate respiratory system. Symptoms of Signs and symptoms

overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Typical metal fume fever begins four to twelve hours after sufficient exposure to freshly formed fumes. The first symptoms are a metallic taste, dryness and irritation of the throat. Cough and shortness of breath may occur along with headache, fatigue, nausea, vomiting, muscle and joint pain, fever and chills.

The syndrome runs its course in 24-48 hours.

1100, 1188, 2319, 4043, 5154, 5183, 5356, 5554, 5556, 5654, 718 (4047), 10 Braze Alloy 921321 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 23-July-2014

# 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

7429-90-5 7440-21-3 7439-95-4 7439-96-5	Balance =< 13 =< 5.5 =< 5.5
7439-95-4	=< 5.5
7439-96-5	=< 5.5
7440-47-3	=< 0.35
7440-66-6	=< 0.25
7440-67-7	=< 0.25
7440-32-6	=< 0.20
7440-62-2	=< 0.15
7440-50-8	=< 0.05
7440-55-3	=< 0.03
	7440-66-6 7440-67-7 7440-32-6 7440-62-2 7440-50-8

**Composition comments** 

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

#### 4. First Aid Measures

First aid procedures

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses. Get

medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get

medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Inhalation Remove person from contaminated area to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if needed. Call a

physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately rinse mouth and drink a cupful of water. Never give anything

by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Notes to physician Treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

## 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable properties Solid metal is not flammable; however, finely divided metallic dust or powder may form an

explosive mixture with air. Do not use water on molten metal: Explosion hazard could result.

**Extinguishing media** 

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

Do not use water or halogenated extinguishing media.

Protection of firefighters

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

Fire or high temperatures create: Metal oxides.

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Personal precautions** Keep unnecessary personnel away. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Wear

protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this MSDS. Do not touch damaged containers or

spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

**Environmental precautions** 

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water.

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods for cleaning up Collect for salvage or disposal. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. Avoid the

generation of dusts during clean-up. For waste disposal, see Section 13 of the MSDS.

## 7. Handling and Storage

Handling

Follow the recommendations in ANSI Z49.1, Safety in welding and cutting (ANSI=American National Standard Institute). Avoid inhalation of dust and fumes. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control sources of dust and fumes. Keep formation of airborne dusts to a minimum. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 8). Do not eat, drink or smoke when using the product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

Storage

Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a closed container away from incompatible materials. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

## 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### **US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		0.02 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Zirconium (CAS 7440-67-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Byproducts	Туре	Value	Form
Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)	TWA	0.01 mg/m3	
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Magnesium oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

#### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Byproducts	Туре	Value
Hexavalent chromium	TWA	0.005 mg/m3
compounds (CAS -)		

# US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	PEL	1 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	PEL	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.1 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	Ceiling	5 mg/m3	Fume.
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Byproducts	Туре	Value	Form
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	PEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
Magnesium oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total particulate.
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		5 mg/m3	Fume.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.

1100, 1188, 2319, 4043, 5154, 5183, 5356, 5554, 5556, 5654, 718 (4047), 10 Braze Alloy 921321 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 23-July-2014

# Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Pyrophoric powder.
		10 mg/m3	Dust.
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	
Zirconium (CAS 7440-67-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Byproducts	Туре	Value	Form
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
Magnesium oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Fume.
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Respirable.
	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable.

# Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable.
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	•
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	
Zirconium (CAS 7440-67-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Byproducts	Туре	Value	Form
Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)	TWA	0.01 mg/m3	
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Fume.
		5 mg/m3	Dust.
		3 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Magnesium oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Respirable dust and/or fume.
	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable dust and/or fume.
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable fume.
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Respirable.
·	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable.

# Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
,		0.02 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Zirconium (CAS 7440-67-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	•
	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Byproducts	Туре	Value	Form
Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)	TWA	0.01 mg/m3	
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

CPH MSDS NA

# Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act)

10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
10 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
	3

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	TWA	0.2 mg/m3	
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Zirconium (CAS 7440-67-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Byproducts	Туре	Value	Form
Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)	TWA	0.01 mg/m3	
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Magnesium oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

# Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation Respecting the Quality of the Work Environment)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Welding fume.
		10 mg/m3	
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume.
,	TWA	5 mg/m3	Dust.
		1 mg/m3	Fume.
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Zirconium (CAS 7440-67-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Byproducts	Туре	Value	Form
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
		10 mg/m3	Total dust.
Magnesium oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Fume.
Welding fume (CAS -)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Welding fume.
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Fume.
		10 mg/m3	Total dust.

# **Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values**

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Pyrophoric powder.
		5 mg/m3	Welding fume.
		10 mg/m3	Dust.
Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	STEL	2 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		2 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.

#### Mexico. Occupational Exposure Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	Form
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume.
•	TWA	1 mg/m3	Fume.
		0.2 mg/m3	
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)	STEL	20 mg/m3	
	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Byproducts	Туре	Value	Form
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Magnesium oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Fume.
Welding fume (CAS -)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Welding fume.
Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Fume.
		10 mg/m3	Dust.

**Biological limit values** No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

**Engineering controls** Provide adequate ventilation. Observe occupational exposure limits and minimize the risk of

inhalation of dust and fumes. Shower, hand and eye washing facilities near the workplace are

recommended.

Personal protective equipment

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). When welding, it is recommended that safety Eye / face protection

glasses, goggles, or face-shield with filter lens of appropriate shade number (per ANSI

Z49.1-1988, "Safety in Welding and Cutting") be worn.

Protective clothing is recommended. When welding, wear protective clothing that protects from Skin protection

sparks and flame (per ANSI Z49.1-1988, "Safety in Welding and Cutting").

Use a respirator when local exhaust or ventilation is not adequate to keep exposures below the Respiratory protection

TLV. In a confined space a supplied respirator may be required. Selection and use of respiratory protective equipment should be in accordance with OSHA General Industry Standard 29 CFR 1910.134; or in Canada with CSA Standard Z94.4. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if

there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.

**General hygiene** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material

considerations and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective

equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical & Chemical Properties

**Appearance** Solid rods that have a metallic luster.

Solid. Physical state Rods. Wire. **Form** Color Metallic gray. Odor Odorless. **Odor threshold** Not available. Not applicable. рH

Vapor pressure 1 mm Hg @ 1284°C

Vapor density Not applicable.

**Boiling point** 4521.2 °F (2494 °C) @24 mm Hg

1220 °F (660 °C) Melting point/Freezing point Solubility (water) Insoluble in water.  $2.7 (20^{\circ}C) (Water = 1)$ Specific gravity

Flash point Not applicable. Flammability limits in air, Not available.

Flammability limits in air,

upper, % by volume

Not available.

lower, % by volume

1100, 1188, 2319, 4043, 5154, 5183, 5356, 5554, 5556, 5654, 718 (4047), 10 Braze Alloy 921321 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 23-July-2014

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Evaporation rate Not applicable

# 10. Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information

Chemical stabilityConditions to avoidMaterial is stable under normal conditions.Contact with incompatible materials.

Species

Incompatible materials Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Alcohols. Metal oxides. halogenated

hydrocarbons. Halogens.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Toxic metal oxides are emitted when heated above the melting point. Welding fumes and gases cannot be classified simply. The composition and quantity of both are dependent upon the metal

being welded, the process, procedure and electrodes used.

Other conditions which also influence the composition and quantity of the fumes and gases to which workers may be exposed include: coatings on the metal being welded (such as paint, plating, or galvanizing), the number of welders and the volume of the worker area, the quality and amount of ventilation, the position of the welder's head with respect to the fume plume, as well as the presence of contaminants in the atmosphere (such as chlorinated hydrocarbon vapors from

Test Results

cleaning and degreasing activities.)

Fumes can be reasonably expected to include: Metal oxides.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

# 11. Toxicological Information

#### Toxicological data

Components

Components	Species	rest Results
Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	9000 mg/kg
Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3160 mg/kg
Sensitization	Some chromium compounds (primarily hexavalent chromium) can cause sensitization (chrome allergy).	
Acute effects	When heated, the vapors/fumes given off may cause respiratory tract irritation. High concentrations of freshly formed fumes/dusts of metal oxides can produce symptoms of metal fume fever.	
Local effects	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form dust and fumes which may be irritating to the eye, mucous membranes and respiratory tract.	
Chronic effects	Chronic inhalation of high concentrations of iron oxide fumes or dust may lead to benign pneumoconiosis (siderosis). Overexposure to manganese fumes may affect the brain and central nervous system, resulting in poor coordination, difficulty speaking, and arm or leg tremor. This condition can be irreversible	

#### Carcinogenicity

#### **ACGIH Carcinogens**

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

A1 Confirmed human carcinogen.

Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

Magnesium oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)

Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)

Zirconium (CAS 7440-67-7)

A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

#### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)

1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Welding fume (CAS -) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

1100, 1188, 2319, 4043, 5154, 5183, 5356, 5554, 5556, 5654, 718 (4047), 10 Braze Alloy 921321 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 23-July-2014

#### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) Cancer

**US NTP Report on Carcinogens: Known carcinogen** 

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Based on epidemiological studies, pre-existing pulmonary disorders may be aggravated by **Epidemiology** 

prolonged exposure to high concentrations of metal dust or fumes.

Mutagenicity

This product is not reported to cause reproductive effects in humans. Manganese metal may Reproductive effects

damage the reproductive system and has shown teratogenic effects in laboratory animals.

During welding chromium may be oxidized and form chromium (VI) (hexavalent chromium) ions. **Further information** 

Hexavalent chromium and its compounds are on the IARC and NTP lists as posing respiratory and sinus cancer risk. Asthma has been reported in some sensitized individuals. Skin contact

may result in irritation, ulceration, sensitization, and contact dermatitis.

# 12. Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity** Alloys in massive forms present a limited hazard for the environment.

**Environmental effects** Significant environmental persistence and bioaccumulation can be expected.

**Aquatic toxicity** Not classified.

The product is not biodegradable. Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulation / accumulation

The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.

Mobility in environmental Alloys in massive forms are not mobile in the environment.

media

### 13. Disposal Considerations

Waste codes The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

**Disposal instructions** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Recover and recycle, if practical. Solid metal and alloys in the form of particles may be reactive. Its hazardous characteristics, including fire and explosion, should be determined prior to disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied.

#### 14. Transport Information

DOT

Not regulated as a hazardous material by DOT.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**IMDG** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**TDG** 

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

#### 15. Regulatory Information

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication **US** federal regulations

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: De minimis concentration

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) 1.0 % Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) 1.0 % Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) 1.0 % Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) 0.1 % N090 Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5) 1.0 %

1100, 1188, 2319, 4043, 5154, 5183, 5356, 5554, 5556, 5654, 718 (4047), 10 Braze Alloy

921321 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 23-July-2014

**CPH MSDS NA** 

 Vanadium (CAS 7440-62-2)
 1.0 %

 Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)
 1.0 %

 Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)
 1.0 % N982

# US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) Listed. Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) Listed. Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Listed. Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) N090 Listed. Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5) Listed. Vanadium (CAS 7440-62-2) Listed. Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6) Listed. Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2) N982 Listed.

#### CERCLA (Superfund) reportable quantity (lbs) (40 CFR 302.4)

Chromium: 5000 Zinc: 1000 Copper: 5000

#### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

chemical

Yes

Not controlled

Drug Enforcement

Administration (DEA) (21 CFR

1308.11-15)

Canadian regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS

contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS status Controlled

WHMIS classification D2A - Other Toxic Effects-VERY TOXIC

D2B - Other Toxic Effects-TOXIC

# WHMIS labeling



#### Inventory status

Country(s) or regionInventory nameOn inventory (yes/no)\*CanadaDomestic Substances List (DSL)YesCanadaNon-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)NoUnited States & Puerto RicoToxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) InventoryYes

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

State regulations WARNING: This product contains or produces a chemical known to the State of California to

cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code

25249.5 et seq.)

#### US - California Hazardous Substances (Director's): Listed substance

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) Listed. Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) Listed. Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Listed. Iron (CAS 7439-89-6) Listed. Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1) Listed. Magnesium (CAS 7439-95-4) Listed. Magnesium oxide (CAS 1309-48-4) Listed. Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5) Listed. Titanium (CAS 7440-32-6) Listed.

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

 Vanadium (CAS 7440-62-2)
 Listed.

 Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)
 Listed.

 Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)
 Listed.

 Zirconium (CAS 7440-67-7)
 Listed.

#### US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) Listed.

## US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) Listed: February 27, 1987 Carcinogenic.

#### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) Listed: December 19, 2008 Developmental toxin.

# US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) Listed: December 19, 2008 Female reproductive toxin.

#### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -) Listed: December 19, 2008 Male reproductive toxin.

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5) Listed. Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3) Listed. Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Listed. Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1) Listed. Magnesium (CAS 7439-95-4) Listed. Magnesium oxide (CAS 1309-48-4) Listed. Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5) Listed. Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3) Listed. Vanadium (CAS 7440-62-2) Listed. Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6) Listed. Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2) Listed. Zirconium (CAS 7440-67-7) Listed.

#### **US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act**

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Gallium (CAS 7440-55-3)

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)

Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

Magnesium (CAS 7439-95-4)

Magnesium oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)

Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)

Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)

Titanium (CAS 7440-32-6)

Vanadium (CAS 7440-62-2)

Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)

Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

Zirconium (CAS 7440-67-7)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Aluminum (CAS 7429-90-5)

Chromium (CAS 7440-47-3)

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Hexavalent chromium compounds (CAS -)

Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)

Magnesium (CAS 7439-95-4)

Magnesium oxide (CAS 1309-48-4)

Manganese (CAS 7439-96-5)

Silicon (CAS 7440-21-3)

Vanadium (CAS 7440-62-2)

Welding fume (CAS -)

Zinc (CAS 7440-66-6)

Zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

Zirconium (CAS 7440-67-7)

#### **Mexico regulations**

This safety data sheet was prepared in accordance with the Official Mexican Standard (NOM-018-STPS-2000).

1100, 1188, 2319, 4043, 5154, 5183, 5356, 5554, 5556, 5654, 718 (4047), 10 Braze Alloy

CPH MSDS NA

# 16. Other Information

HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA. A HMIS® Health rating including an  $^{\star}$  indicates a chronic hazard. **Further information** 

Health: 2\* **HMIS®** ratings

Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0

**NFPA** ratings



**Disclaimer** The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently

available.

Prepared by Not available.