Safety Data Sheet



Section 1: Identification

Product Name: Natural Gas (Sour)

Recommended Use: Fuel

Manufacturer: Anadarko Petroleum Corporation

1201 Lake Robins Dr. The Woodlands, TX 77380

United States www.anadarko.com (832) 636-1000 (General)

Emergency Telephone Number: ChemTel: (831) 248-0585 (International)

(800) 255-3924 (North America)

Section 2: Hazard Identification

Classification: • Flammable Liquids 1

Gases under pressure

Acute toxicity, Inhalation 3

Carcinogenicity 1

Label Elements:

DANGER









Hazard Statements:

- Extremely flammable gas.
- Contains gas under pressure. May explode if heated.
- Causes eye irritation.
- Contains poisonous hydrogen sulfide gas.
- Toxic if inhaled.
- May cause cancer.

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Precautionary Statements:

Prevention

- Obtain special instructions before use.
- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or hot surfaces No smoking.
- Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

- Specific treatment is urgent: maintain adequate ventilation and consider administration of 100% oxygen. Sodium nitrite may be a useful antidote.
- Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.
- Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
- Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Storage/Disposal

- Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from extreme heat.
- Store locked up.
- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Other information:



NFPA 704 Hazard Class

Health: 4 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0

(0-Minimum, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-Serious, 4-Severe)

HMIS Hazard Rating

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Health	4	
Flammability	4	
Physical Hazard	0	

(0-Minimum, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-Serious, 4-Severe)

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Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS Number	Concentration
Natural Gas	8006-14-2	100%
Hydrogen Sulfide (gas)	7783-06-4	varies

All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Crude oil, natural gas and natural gas condensate can contain minor amounts of sulfur, nitrogen and oxygen containing organic compounds as well as trace amounts of heavy metals like mercury, arsenic, nickel, and vanadium. Composition can vary depending on the source of crude.

Sour Gas Synonyms:

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

Inhalation: Move victim to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial

respiration if victim is not breathing. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical

attention.

Skin: Liquefied gases may cause cryogenic burns or injury. Treat burned or frostbitten skin

> by flushing or immersing the affected area(s) in lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Do not remove clothing that adheres due to freezing. After sensation has returned to the frostbitten skin, keep skin warm, dry, and clean. If blistering occurs,

apply a sterile dressing. Seek immediate medical attention.

Eye: In case of contact with substance, immediately flush eyes with running water for at

least 20 minutes. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion: Not expected under normal conditions due to gaseous state.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, both Acute

and Delayed:

Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Notes to Physician: All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the

patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to

materials other than this product may have occurred.

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing

Media:

Dry chemical or carbon dioxide is recommended.

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media:

Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon

dioxide in confined spaces.

Unusual Fire and Explosion

Hazards:

Closed containers may be under pressure and can explode due to buildup of pressure when exposed to extreme heat. Caution - Material is extremely

flammable! Do not use or store near heat or ignition source.

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Hazardous Combustion

Products:

Combustion may yield smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion. Hydrogen sulfide and oxides of nitrogen and sulfur

may also be formed.

Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Advice for Firefighters: Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

LARGE FIRES: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well

after fire is out.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions:

Extremely flammable. Contains poisonous hydrogen sulfide gas. If the presence of dangerous amounts of H_2S around the spilled product is suspected, additional or special actions may be warranted, including access restrictions and use of protective equipment. Spillages of liquid product will create a fire hazard and may form an explosive atmosphere. Keep all sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces away from spill/release if safe to do so. The use of explosion-proof electrical equipment is recommended. Beware of accumulation of gas in low areas or contained areas, where explosive concentrations may occur. Prevent from entering drains or any place where accumulation may occur.

Emergency Procedures:

Ventilate area and allow to evaporate. Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Avoid direct contact with material. For large spillages, notify persons downwind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Environmental Precautions:

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors. If spill occurs on water notify appropriate authorities and advise shipping of any hazard.

Methods for Containment and Clean-up:

Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however local conditions and regulations may influence or limit the choice of appropriate actions to be taken.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Contents under pressure. Gas can accumulate in confined spaces and limit oxygen available for breathing. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Do not breathe mist, vapors and/or spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Empty containers retain product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames.

Conditions for Safe Storage:

Store in a cool/low-temperature, well-ventilated dry place away from heat and ignition sources. Keep away from incompatible materials.

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Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Component	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA	Other
Natural Gas	TWA: 1000 ppm as Aliphatic Hydrocarbons C1-C4			
Hydrogen Sulfide	STEL: 5 ppm TWA: 1 ppm	Ceiling (10 min): 10 ppm Ceiling (10 min): 15 mg/m ³	Ceiling: 20 ppm	Ceiling (Wyoming): 10 ppm

Engineering If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations

Measures/Controls: below the established exposure limits, additional engineering controls may be

required.

Respiratory Protection: A NIOSH approved, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or equivalent

operated in a pressure demand or other positive pressure mode should be used in situations of oxygen deficiency (oxygen content less than 19.5 percent), unknown exposure concentrations, or situations that are immediately dangerous to life or

health (IDLH).

Eye/Face Protection: Wear chemical splash safety goggles.

Skin/Body Protection: The use of skin protection is not normally required; however, good industrial hygiene

practice suggests the use of gloves or other appropriate skin protection whenever working with chemicals. Wear thermal insulating gloves and face shield or eye protection when working with materials that present thermal hazards (hot or cold).

Environmental Exposure

Controls:

Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways. Follow

best practice for site management and disposal of waste.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical Form:GasAppearance:Clear gasColor:Colorless

Odor: Odorless to slight petroleum, Rotten egg/sulfurous odor

Odor Threshold:

Boiling Point:

Melting Point:

Decomposition Temperature:

PH:

No data available

Water Solubility:
Viscosity:
Viscosity:
Explosive Properties:
Oxidizing Properties:
Vapor Pressure:

No data available
No data available
No data available
Gaseous state

Vapor Density (air=1): 0.6

Evaporation Rate (water=1):Gaseous stateVOC (Vol.):No data availableFlash Point (TCC):<0°F (-18°C)</td>UEL:17.0%

UEL: 17.0% LEL: 3.8%

Autoignition:800°F (426°C)Flammability (solid, gas):No data availableOctanol/Water Partition Coefficient:No data available

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Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Extreme temperatures, open flames, other ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizers, strong acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under fire conditions, oxides of carbon, sulfur,

hydrocarbons, vapors, and smoke may be produced.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

Components	CAS Number	Acute Toxicity
Natural Gas (100%)	8006-14-2	NDA
Hydrogen Sulfide (varies)	7783-06-4	Inhalation-Rat LC50 : 444 ppm 4 Hour(s)

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation: Toxic if inhaled.

Skin: Skin contact is not anticipated.

Eye: Causes eye irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion is not anticipated

Chronic (Delayed): No data available.

Mutagenic Effects: No data available.

Carcinogenic Effects: May cause cancer.

Reproductive Effects: No data available.

Section 12: Ecological Information

Toxicity: Petroleum gases will readily evaporate from the surface and would not

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be expected to have significant adverse effects in the aquatic

environment. Classification: No classified hazards.

Persistence and Degradability: Material data lacking.

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Mobility in Soil: Material data lacking.

Other Adverse Effects: No studies have been found.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Product Waste: Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional,

national, and/or international regulations.

Packaging Waste: Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional,

national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

	UN Number	UN Proper Shipping Name	Transport Hazard Class(es)	Packing Group
DOT	UN1953	Compressed gas, toxic, flammable, n.o.s.	2.3	NDA
TDG	UN1953	Compressed gas, toxic, flammable, n.o.s.	2.3	NDA
IMO/IMDG	UN1953	Compressed gas, toxic, flammable, n.o.s.	2.3	NDA
IATA/ICAO	UN1953	Compressed gas, toxic, flammable, n.o.s.	2.3	NDA

Special Precautions for User: None specified.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II

Of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: No data available.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs (in pounds)

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372:

Component	TPQ	EPCRA RQ
Hydrogen Sulfide	500 lb	100 lb

CERCLA/SARA - Section 311/312 (Title III Hazard Categories)

Acute Health: Yes Chronic Health: No Fire Hazard: Yes Pressure Hazard: Yes Reactive Hazard: No

CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 and 40 CFR 372

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR 372:

Component	De minimis
Hydrogen Sulfide	1.0%

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International Hazard Classification

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by Regulations.

WHMIS Hazard Class:

B1

D

National Chemical Inventories

Component	CAS Number	TSCA
Natural Gas	8006-14-2	Yes
Hydrogen Sulfide	7783-06-4	Yes

Section 16: Other Information

Last Revision Date: 22/September/2010

Preparation Date: 29/May/2015

Other Information: Version 1

Disclaimer/Statement of Liability:

The information contained herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be so. Data and calculations are based on information furnished by the manufacturer of the product and manufacturers of the components of the product. Users are advised to confirm in advance of need that information is current, applicable and suited to the circumstances of use. Vendor makes no warranties, expressed or implied, including, but not limited to, any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or course of performance or usage of trade. Vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Furthermore, vendor assumes no responsibility for injury caused by abnormal use of this material even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Any questions regarding this product should be directed to the manufacturer of the product as described in Section 1.

Key to abbreviations

NDA = No data available LD = Lethal Dose TC = Toxic Concentration D = Toxic Dose

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

STEL = Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15-minute exposures

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

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