Safety Data Sheet



Section 1: Identification

Product Name: Carbon Dioxide

Recommended Use: Multiple Uses

Manufacturer: Anadarko Petroleum Corporation

1201 Lake Robins Dr. The Woodlands, TX 77380

United States www.anadarko.com (832) 636-1000 (General)

Emergency Telephone Number: ChemTel: (831) 248-0585 (International)

(800) 255-3924 (North America)

Section 2: Hazard Identification

Classification: • Simple Asphyxiant

• Gas under pressure

WARNING

Label Elements:



• Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated.

• May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary Statements:

Prevention

Wear protective gloves, clothing, and eye/face protection.

Response

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage/Disposal

- Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- Protect from extreme heat.
- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Version 1

Revision Date: 29/May/2015 Format: GHS Language: English (US)
Page 1 of 7 OSHA HCS 2012

Other

information:



NFPA 704 Hazard Class

Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Instability: 0

(0-Minimum, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-Serious, 4-Severe)

HMIS Hazard Rating

| i iiiiio i iazara itatii ig | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Health | 1 | |
| Flammability | 0 | |
| Physical Hazard | 0 | |

(0-Minimum, 1-Slight, 2-Moderate, 3-Serious, 4-Severe)

Section 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients

| Component | CAS Number | Concentration | |
|----------------------|------------|---------------|--|
| Carbon Dioxide (gas) | 124-38-9 | 100% | |

All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

Synonyms: CO₂

Section 4: First-Aid Measures

Inhalation: If respiratory symptoms develop, move victim away from source of exposure and

into fresh air in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, oxygen or artificial respiration should be administered by qualified personnel. If symptoms

persist, seek medical attention.

Skin: Wash affected area with soap and water; if irritation persists, seek medical attention.

For frostbite cases (unusual), do not attempt to thaw frozen tissues; seek medical

help instead.

Eye: Check for and remove contact lenses. Flush eyes with clear running water for 20

minutes while holding eyelids open. If irritation is severe or persistent, seek medical

attention.

Ingestion: Not expected under normal conditions due to gaseous state.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, both Acute

and Delayed:

Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

Notes to Physician: None.

Version 1

Revision Date: 29/May/2015 Format: GHS Language: English (US)
Page 2 of 7 OSHA HCS 2012

Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing

Media:

Use appropriate extinguishing media for surrounding fire conditions. Water spray, stream, or fog may be used to cool canisters filled with gas and prevent ruptures from elevated temperatures. All extinguishing medias may

be used.

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media:

None.

Unusual Fire and Explosion

Hazards:

Closed containers can explode due to buildup of pressure when exposed to extreme heat.

Hazardous Combustion

Products:

None from product, although packaging may produce smoke, fumes or vapors, and oxides of carbon including carbon monoxide.

Advice for Firefighters: Firefighting activities that may result in potential exposure to high heat,

smoke or toxic by-products of combustion should require NIOSH- approved pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece

and full protective clothing.

Section 6: Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions: Gas is heavier than air, avoid low lying areas where gas may accumulate.

Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Avoid breathing gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective

equipment.

Emergency Procedures: Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as

conditions warrant (see Section 8). See Sections 2 and 7 for additional information

on hazards and precautionary measures.

Environmental Precautions: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to

avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for Containment

and Clean-up:

Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk.

Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Keep container tightly closed when not in use; protect containers from abuse; protect from temperature extremes and keep away from sources of heat. Do not incinerate, crush or puncture container. Do not attempt to refill container. Maintain properly ventilated work areas to minimize exposure when handling

this material.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Provide adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.

Version 1

Revision Date: 29/May/2015 Format: GHS Language: English (US)
Page **3** of **7** OSHA HCS 2012

Section 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

| Component | ACGIH | NIOSH | OSHA | Other |
|----------------|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|
| Carbon Dioxide | STEL: 30,000 ppm | STEL: 30,000 ppm | TWA: 5,000 ppm | |
| | TWA: 5,000 ppm | STEL: 54,000 mg/m ³ | TWA: 9,000 mg/m ³ | |
| | | TWA: 5,000ppm | _ | |
| | | TWA: 9.000 mg/m ³ | | |

Engineering If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations

Measures/Controls: below the established exposure limits, additional engineering controls may be

required.

Respiratory Protection: None required while threshold limits are kept below maximum allowable

concentrations; if TWA exceeds limits, NIOSH approved respirator must be worn. Refer to 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149 for complete regulations.

Eye/Face Protection: Chemical safety goggles should be worn as matter of good practice. Refer to 29 CFR

1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin/Body Protection: Utilize appropriate gloves for protection needed from cold if needed, based on

exposure.

Environmental Exposure

Controls:

Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere.

Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical Form: Gas; Liquid under pressure

Appearance:Colorless gasColor:ColorlessOdor:Odorless

Odor Threshold:No data availableBoiling Point:-109.3°F (-78.5°C)Freezing Point:-69.8°F (-56.6°C)Decomposition Temperature:No data availablepH:No data available

Specific Gravity (air=1):

Water Solubility:

No data av
1.52

Negligible

Viscosity:

Explosive Properties:

No data available
No data available
No data available
No data available

Vapor Pressure: 830 psia @ 70°F (21.1°C)

Vapor Density (air=1): 1.53

VOC (Wt.):

VOC (Vol.):

No VOCs present
No VOCs present
Not flammable

UEL: None LEL: None

Autoignition:Not flammableFlammability (solid, gas):No data availableOctanol/Water Partition Coefficient:No data available

Revision Date: 29/May/2015

Format: GHS Language: English (US) OSHA HCS 2012

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Temperature extremes

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids may attack metal canisters.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Decomposition will not occur if handled and stored

properly. In case of a fire, oxides of carbon,

hydrocarbons, vapors, and smoke may be produced by

packaging.

Section 11: Toxicological Information

| Components | CAS Number | Acute Toxicity |
|-----------------------|-------------------|---|
| Carbon Dioxide (100%) | 124-38-9 | Inhalation-Rat LC50: 470,000 ppm 30 Minute(s) Inhalation-Mouse LC50: 200,000 ppm 2 Hour(s) |

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation: Gas may cause narcosis with headache, dullness, difficulty breathing, lightheadedness,

drowsiness, unconsciousness and possibly death. Very high concentrations

(>10,000 ppm) may cause asphyxiation with rapid respiration, reduced mental alertness

and loss of muscle coordination, nausea, vomiting, prostration, unconsciousness,

convulsions, coma and death.

Skin: Not likely to cause a problem due to high volatility of product. Contact with cartridge, liquid

or rapidly expanding gases released under high pressure may cause frostbite.

Eye: Direct contact with gas may cause drying and minor irritation.

Ingestion: Not likely to cause a problem due to high volatility of product.

Chronic (Delayed): Not classified.

Mutagenic Effects: This product is not reported to have any mutagenic effects.

Page 5 of 7

Carcinogenic Effects: Not classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive Effects: Not expected to cause reproductive toxicity.

Revision Date: 29/May/2015

Format: GHS Language: English (US)
OSHA HCS 2012

Section 12: Ecological Information

Toxicity: No data available.

Persistence and Degradability: No data available.

Bioaccumulative Potential: No data available.

Mobility in Soil: No data available.

Other Adverse Effects: No data available.

Section 13: Disposal Considerations

Product Waste: Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional,

national, and/or international regulations.

Packaging Waste: Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional,

national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14: Transport Information

| | UN Number | UN Proper Shipping Name | Transport Hazard Class(es) | Packing Group |
|-----------|-----------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|
| | | Name | Class(Es) | |
| DOT | UN1013 | Carbon Dioxide Gas | 2.2 | NDA |
| TDG | UN1013 | Carbon Dioxide Gas | 2.2 | NDA |
| IMO/IMDG | UN1013 | Carbon Dioxide Gas | 2.2 | NDA |
| IATA/ICAO | UN1013 | Carbon Dioxide Gas | 2.2 | NDA |

Special Precautions for User: Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before

handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II

Of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Data lacking.

Section 15: Regulatory Information

CERCLA/SARA - Section 311/312 (Title III Hazard Categories)

Acute Health: Yes Chronic Health: No Fire Hazard: No Pressure Hazard: Yes Reactive Hazard: No

International Hazard Classification

WHMIS Hazard Class: Class A- Compressed Gas

Version 1

Revision Date: 29/May/2015 Format: GHS Language: English (US)
Page **6** of **7** OSHA HCS 2012

National Chemical Inventories

| Component | CAS Number | TSCA | |
|----------------|------------|------|--|
| Carbon Dioxide | 124-38-9 | Yes | |

Section 16: Other Information

Last Revision Date: 22/September/2010

Preparation Date: 29/May/2015

Other Information: Version 1

Disclaimer/Statement of Liability:

The information contained herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be so. Data and calculations are based on information furnished by the manufacturer of the product and manufacturers of the components of the product. Users are advised to confirm in advance of need that information is current, applicable and suited to the circumstances of use. Vendor makes no warranties, expressed or implied, including, but not limited to, any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose or course of performance or usage of trade. Vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Furthermore, vendor assumes no responsibility for injury caused by abnormal use of this material even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Any questions regarding this product should be directed to the manufacturer of the product as described in Section 1.

Key to abbreviations

NDA = No data available
LD = Lethal Dose
TC = Toxic Concentration
D = Toxic Dose
ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene
NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health
OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration
STEL = Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15-minute exposures
TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

Version 1

Revision Date: 29/May/2015 Format: GHS Language: English (US)
Page **7** of **7** OSHA HCS 2012