ITEM AAP 1240

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

ACETONE

AAPER MSDS NUMBER: A100 EFFECTIVE DATE: January 22, 2003

AAPER Alcohol and Chemical Company 1101 Isaac Shelby Drive, P. O. Box 339 Shelbyville, Kentucky 40066-0339 Telephone: (502) 633-0650

For chemical emergency – spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident, call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300 day or night. Outside the continental United States, call CHEMTREC at 1-703-527-3887 (collect calls accepted).

AAPER Alcohol and Chemical Company urges the customer rece this Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) to study it carefully to become aware of hazards, if any, of the product involved. In the interest of safety, you should: (1) notify your employees, agents, and contractors of the information on this sheet, and (2) furnish a copy to each of your customers to inform their employees and customers as well.

SECTION I - IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: Acetone

SYNONYMS: Dimethyl Ketone, 2 - Propanone

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Ketone FORMULA: CH₃COCH₃

Section II - INGREDIENTS

COMPOSITION CAS RN. NOMINAL % PEL/TLV HAZARD

Acetone 67-64-1 99.9+ 1000 ppm Extremely Flammable/Irritant

SECTION III - HEALTH INFORMATION

INHALATION: Exposure to over 1000 ppm may cause headache, drowsiness, excitement, bronchial irritation, and in large amounts,

narcosis.

INGESTION: Can cause nausea, vomiting, headache, dizziness, and stupor.

EYE CONTACT: Liquid or vapor may cause irritation and injury to the eye.

SKIN CONTACT: May cause irritation, and prolonged or repeated topical use may cause erythema and dryness.

OTHER: Aspirated Acetone may cause lung damage and present a significant hazard.

SECTION IV - EMERGENCY FIRST AID PROCEDURE

FOR OVEREXPOSURE BY:

SWALLOWING: Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious or having convulsions. CALL A

PHYSICIAN OR CHEMTREC (POISON CONTROL) IMMEDIATELY. Stomach contents should be evacuated quickly

which avoids aspiration.

INHALATION: Immediately remove victim to fresh air. If victim has stopped breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-

mouth. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

CONTACT WITH

EYES OR SKIN: Immediately flush affected area with plenty of cool water. Eyes should be flushed for at least 15 minutes. Remove and

wash contaminated clothing before reuse. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

SECTION V - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT: 133° F MELTING POINT: -141° F

VAPOR PRESSURE: 184 mm Hg @ 68° F SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.7915 @ 20°/20° C

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): 2.0 SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Complete

APPEARANCE AND COLOR: Clear and colorless

SECTION VI – FIRE AND EXPLOSIVE HAZARDS

FLASH POINT: 0° F ASTM D-56 (Tag Closed Cup)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR, % BY VOLUME: LOWER: 2.15 UPPER: 13.0

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) RATING: HEALTH (1) FIRE (3) REACTIVITY (0)

(Does not apply to exposure hazards other than during a fire.)

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: (Note: Individuals should perform only those fire-fighting procedures for which they have been trained.) Use dry chemical, "alcohol" foam, or carbon dioxide; water may be ineffective, but

water should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors and to protect men attempting to stop a leak. Water spray may be used to flush spills away from exposures and to dilute spills to nonflammable

mixtures.

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatuses in the positive pressure mode with a full face piece when there is a possibility of exposure to smoke, fumes, or hazardous

decomposition products.

SECTION VII – REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Generally stable.

Not likely. HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

CONDITIONS & MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizing agents such as nitric acid and a wide range of oxidizing agents may react

violently.

SECTION VIII - EMPLOYEE PROTECTION

CONTROL MEASURES: Handle in the presence of adequate ventilation.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Where exposure is likely to exceed acceptable criteria, use NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection

equipment. Respirators should be selected based on the form and concentration of contaminant in air and in

accordance with OSHA (29 CFR 1910.134).

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Wear gloves and protective clothing which are impervious to the product for the duration of the anticipated

exposure if there is potential for prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Wear safety glasses meeting the specifications of ANSI Standard Z87.1 where no contact with the eye is EYE PROTECTION: anticipated. Chemical safety goggles meeting the specifications of ANSI Standard Z87.1 should be worn

whenever there is the possibility of splashing or other contact with the eyes.

SECTION IX - ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: Avoid uncontrolled releases of this material. Where spills are possible, a comprehensive spill response

plan should be developed and implemented.

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES: Wear appropriate respiratory protection and protective clothing as described in Section IX. Contain

spilled material. Transfer to secure containers. Where necessary, collect using absorbent media. In the event of an uncontrolled release of this material, the user should determine if the release is

reportable under applicable laws and regulations.

WASTE DISPOSAL: All recovered material should be packaged, labeled, transported, and disposed of, or reclaimed in

conformance with applicable laws and regulations and in conformance with good engineering practices.

SECTION X - REGULATORY CONTROLS

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (DOT):

For Pint Packages Domestic Shipments Only DOT CLASSIFICATION: 3 (Flammable Liquid)

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Acetone ORM-D

OTHER DOT INFORMATION: Identification No. UN1090 Consumer Commodity ORM-D

P.G. II

Emergency Response Guide No. 127

This product is listed in the TSCA Inventory of Chemical Substances. TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT (TSCA):

SECTION XI - PRECAUTIONS: HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USAGE

Protect container against physical damage. Detached or outside storage is preferred. Inside storage should be in an NFPA approved flammable liquid storage room or cabinet. All ignition sources should be eliminated. Smoking should be prohibited in the storage and usage areas. Electrical installations should be in accordance with Article 501 of the National Electrical Code. NFPA 30, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code, should be followed for all storage and handling. Frequent careful leakage inspections should be done. An automatic sprinkler system should be provided. Isolate from oxidizers, chemicals capable of spontaneous heating, materials reacting with air or moisture to liberate heat, ignition sources and explosives. Consult local fire codes for additional storage information.

When contents are being transferred, the metallic container must be bonded to the receiving container and grounded to avoid static discharges. Never use pressure to empty. Replace closure securely after each opening.

Keep material packaged in drums or bottles out of sun and away from heat. Remove closure carefully; internal pressure may be present. Keep closure on to prevent leakage.

Container hazardous when empty. Since emptied containers retain residual product (vapor and liquid), all precautions described on this MSDS must be observed.

CAUTION: For manufacturing, processing, repackaging, or industrial use. Not for household use.

SECTION XII - SARA TITLE III

Components present in this product at a level that could require reporting under the statute (section 313) are:

Chemical **CAS Number** Concentration Acetone 67-64-1 99.9%

The information contained herein is furnished without warranty of any kind. Employers should use this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by them and must conduct testing and/or make independent determinations of suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and the safety and health of employees.