

SAFETY DATA SHEET

ApotheCare EssentialsTM Dry Shampoo (Aerosol) - The Booster Dynamic Volume For Fine + Flat Hair

Section 1. Identification

Product name : ApotheCare EssentialsTM Dry Shampoo (Aerosol) - The Booster

Dynamic Volume For Fine + Flat Hair

Product type : Aerosol Dry Shampoo UPC Code : 055086000529 Internal product code : M 83201350

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Industrial uses	
Consumer uses	
Professional uses	

Supplier's details : UNILEVER

700 Sylvan Avenue

Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632

USA

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

: Phone #: 800-761-3683 Monday thru Friday (8:30 AM – 5:00 PM EST)

Emergency #: 800-745-9269 (24 hours) Poison Control #: 800-949-7866 (24 hours)

CHEMTREC #: 800-424-9300(24 hours, Transportation

Emergencies)

Consumer Information:

For information regarding the use of this product by a consumer, please refer directly to the product label. This industrial MSDS is provided for workplace employees, per US OSHA regulations. It contains recommendations for handling of this product in an occupational, or workplace, setting.

Any first aid or warnings that are applicable to consumer use are stated directly on the product label, in accordance with all applicable government regulations.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word Danger

Hazard statements Extremely flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Pressurized container: may burst if heated.

Precautionary statements

General Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No

smoking. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not spray on an open flame or

other ignition source.

Not applicable. Response

Storage Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50

°C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal Dispose of used up container in accordance with local regulations.

Supplemental label elements None known.

Hazards not otherwise classified None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Mixture

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Isobutane	50 - 75	75-28-5

Version: 1.0 Date of issue/Date of revision: 11.30.2017 00.00.0000 Date of previous issue:

Propane	10 - 25	74-98-6
Alcohol	5 - 10	64-17-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.
	Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if
	respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse
	health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open

airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Ingestion

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

chemical

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

NFPA 30B Classification

assification

Specific hazards arising from the

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

None known.
Aerosol Level 3

: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a

subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire

or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for firefighters Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

For non-emergency personnel

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and selfcontained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material

may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C/120°F. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Isobutane	NIOSH REL 1994-06-01 TWA
	1,900 mg/m3
	800 ppm
	Form:
	ACGIH TLV 1996-05-18 TWA
	1,000 ppm

Propane	OSHA PEL 1989 1989-03-01 TWA	
	1,800 mg/m3	
	1,000 ppm	
	Form:	
	OSHA PEL 1993-06-30 TWA	
	1,800 mg/m3	
	1,000 ppm	
	Form:	
	NIOSH REL 1994-06-01 TWA	
	1,800 mg/m3	
	1,000 ppm	
	Form:	
	ACGIH TLV 2013-06-14	
	ACGIH TLV 1996-05-18 TWA	
	1,000 ppm	
	OSHA PEL 1989 TWA	
	1,800 mg/m3	
	1,000 ppm	
	Form:	
Alcohol	OSHA PEL 1989 1989-03-01 TWA	
	1,900 mg/m3	
	1,000 ppm	
	Form:	
	OSHA PEL 1993-06-30 TWA	
	1,900 mg/m3	
	1,000 ppm	
	Form:	
	NIOSH REL 1994-06-01 TWA	
	1,900 mg/m3	
	1,000 ppm	
	Form:	
	ACGIH TLV 2008-11-24 STEL	
	1,000 ppm	

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product., When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing., For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state: liquid [aerosol]Colour: Not available.

Odour: perfumedOdour threshold: Not available.

pH : Not available.Melting point : Not applicable

Boiling point: Not available.Flash point: Not available.Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapour density: Not available.Relative density: Not available.Solubility: Not available.Solubility in water: Not available.Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.

Kinematic: Not available.

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray

Can pressure : 140 PSI at 54°C/130°F

Heat of combustion : < 20 J/kg

Ignition distance : 58 cm

Enclosed space ignition - Time

equivalent

products

Enclosed space ignition -

Deflagration density

Flame height : Not available.
Flame duration : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Not available.

Not available.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions

will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Very low toxicity to humans or animals.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

SkinEyesThe mixture is not an irritant for the skin.The mixture is not an irritant for eyes.

Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not classified or listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA, EU and ACGIH.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not applicable.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.InhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contactNo known significant effects or critical hazards.IngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Very low toxicity to humans or animals.

GeneralNo known significant effects or critical hazards.CarcinogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.MutagenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.TeratogenicityNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effectsNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral#	>5,000 mg/kg#

#

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Conclusion/Summary No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Conclusion/Summary

Mobility in soil

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever

possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or

incinerate container.

RCRA classification D001 (Ignitable)

United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List: Not listed

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List: Not listed

Section 14. Transport information

FOR SHIPMENT IN CONSUMER PACKAGING	<u>GROUND</u>	<u>WATER</u>	<u>AIR</u>
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	Aerosols, Flammable	Aerosols	Aerosols, Flammable

Version: 1.0 Date of previous issue: 00.00.0000 Date of issue/Date of revision: 11.30.2017

HAZARD CLASS:	2.1	2.1	2.1
UN/ID #:	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
PACKING GROUP:	None	None	None
REQUIRED MARKINGS and/or LABELS:	\Diamond	\limits	UN1950 Aerosols, Flammable
MARKINGS and/or LABEL TYPES:	Limited Quantity	Limited Quantity	Limited Quantity, Flammable Gas
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:	ERG #126	ERG #126 Marine Pollutant: Not regulated	ERG #126 Proper Shipping Name & UN # must be shown on the package.

Special precautions for user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product have been trained in the event of an accident or spillage.'

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States - TSCA 8(d) - Health and safety studies: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(c) - Significant adverse reaction (SAR): Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report

(PAIR): Not listed

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical Data Reporting (CDR):

Not determined

United States - TSCA 8(a) - Dioxin/Furan precursor: Not listed United States - TSCA 8(a) - Chemical risk rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Proposed risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 6 - Final risk management: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(e) - Substances consent order: Not listed United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Proposed significant new use rules:

Not listed

United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Final significant new use rules:

Not listed

United States - TSCA 4(f) - Priority risk review: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Proposed test rules: Not listed

United States - TSCA 4(a) - ITC Priority list: Not listed United States - TSCA 4(a) - Final Test Rules: Not listed United States - TSCA 12(b) - Chemical export notification:

None of the components are listed.

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 307 -

Priority pollutants: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean water act (CWA) section 311 -

Hazardous substances: Not listed

United States - EPA Clean air act (CAA) section 112 -

Accidental release prevention - Flammable substances: Listed

United States - EPÂ Clean air act (CAA) section 112 - Accidental release prevention - Toxic substances: Not listed United States - Department of commerce - Precursor chemical:

Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 112(b)

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I

Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class

II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor

Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential

Chemicals)

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

SARA 302/304

:

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	EHS	SARA 302/304	
Isobutane	50 - 75	Yes.	SARA 304 RQ: 100 lb/lbs	
Propane	10 - 25	Yes.	SARA 304 RQ: 100 lb/lbs	
Alcohol	5 - 10	Yes.	SARA 304 RQ: 100 lb/lbs	

SARA 304 RQ : 141.7 lbs

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard

Sudden release of pressure

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Isobutane	50 - 75	F, P, CH
Propane	10 - 25	P
_		
Alcohol	5 - 10	F, CH

SARA 313

None of the components are listed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed:

Propane Isobutane Alcohol

New York : None of the components are listed.
New Jersey : The following components are listed:

Propane Isobutane Alcohol

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed:

Propane Isobutane Alcohol

US California 22CCR Appendix X Substances

Alcohol

California Prop. 65 : Not available.

United States inventory (TSCA

8b)

Exempted

Canada inventory : Not determined.

International regulations

International lists : Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Korea inventory: Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined. Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule I Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention

List Schedule II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals Not listed

Not listed

Not listed

Section 16. Other information

Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

Date of printing: 11.30.2017Date of issue/Date of revision: 11.30.2017Date of previous issue: 00.00.0000

Version : 1.0

Prepared by : Global Product Compliance

Unilever Regulatory Affairs

40 Merritt Blvd Trumbull, CT 06611

USA

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental & Industrial Hygienists

AH = Acute Hazard

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

CAA = Clean Air Act

CARB = California Air Resources Board CCR = California Code of Regulations

CERCLA = Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation &

Liability Act

CFR = Code of Federal Regulations

CH = Chronic Hazard CWA = Clean Water Act

DEA = Drug Enforcement Administration DOT = Department of Transportation

EC = European Commission

EPCRA = Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act

EST = Eastern Standard Time

F = Fire

HAPS = Hazardous Air Pollutants HCS = Hazard Communication Standard

HMIS = Hazardous Materials Information System

HVOC = High Volatile Organic Compound

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IARC = International Agency for the Research of Cancer

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

ICAO = International Civil Aviation Organization

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IMO = International Maritime Organization

ITC = Interagency Testing Committee (TSCA)

KOC = Organic Carbon/Water Partition Constant

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

LVOC = Low Volatile Organic Compound

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

MPPCF = Million Particles Per Cubic Foot

N/A = Not Applicable

NFPA = National Fire Protection Association

NOEC = No Observable Effect Concentration

NTP = National Toxicology Program

OSHA = Occupation Safety & Health Administration

PEL = Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA = Resource Conservation & Recovery Act

RQ = Reportable Quantity

RTK = Right-To-Know

SARA = Superfund Amendments & Reauthorization Act

STEL = Short-Term Exposure Limit

TBD = To Be Determined

TCC = Tagliabue Closed Cup

TCLP = Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

TDG = Transport of Dangerous Goods

TLV = Threshold Limit Value

TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA = Time Weighted Average

UN = United Nations

: Evaluation method used for mixture classification: Calculation method.

References

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.