

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 2016

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** 4 COMPONENT MIXTURE (NO < 0.01%, SO<sub>2</sub> < 0.01%, CO < 1.0%, BALANCE N<sub>2</sub>)  
**Synonym(s)** 2016 - SDS NUMBER • PRODUCT CODE: 292 • SPECIAL GAS MIXTURE

#### 1.2 Uses and uses advised against

**Use(s)** CALIBRATION • INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

**Supplier name** BOC LIMITED (AUSTRALIA)  
**Address** 10 Julius Avenue, North Ryde, NSW, 2113, AUSTRALIA  
**Telephone** 131 262, (02) 8874 4400  
**Fax** 132 427 (24 hours)  
**Website** <http://www.boc.com.au>

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

**Emergency** 1800 653 572 (24/7) (Australia only)

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO AUSTRALIAN WHS REGULATIONS

**GHS classification(s)** Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Category 2  
Toxic to Reproduction: Category 1A  
Gases Under Pressure: Compressed gas

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Signal word** DANGER

**Pictogram(s)**



#### Hazard statement(s)

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.  
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Prevention statement(s)

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

#### Response statement(s)

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

#### Storage statement(s)

P405 Store locked up.  
P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

**PRODUCT NAME 4 COMPONENT MIXTURE (NO < 0.01%, SO2 < 0.01%, CO < 1.0%, BALANCE N2)**

**Disposal statement(s)**

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

**2.3 Other hazards**

Asphyxiant. Effects are proportional to oxygen displacement.

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### 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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**3.1 Substances / Mixtures**

| Ingredient      | CAS Number | EC Number | Content (v/v) |
|-----------------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| CARBON MONOXIDE | 630-08-0   | 211-128-3 | 0.5 to 1%     |
| NITRIC OXIDE    | 10102-43-9 | 233-271-0 | <0.01%        |
| SULPHUR DIOXIDE | 7446-09-5  | 231-195-2 | <0.01%        |
| NITROGEN        | 7727-37-9  | 231-783-9 | Remainder     |

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### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

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**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

**Eye** None required.

**Inhalation** If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use an Air-line respirator or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Give oxygen if available. For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor.

**Skin** None required.

**Ingestion** Due to product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

**First aid facilities** Eye wash facilities should be available.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility / consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. In low concentrations may cause narcotic effects. Symptoms may include dizziness, headache, nausea and loss of co-ordination. Over exposure to carbon monoxide may result in rapid breathing, nausea, lack of coordination, unconsciousness and coma. Carbon monoxide reacts with haemoglobin in the blood to prevent oxygen uptake and release. May cause harm to the unborn child.

**4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Hyperbaric oxygen treatment at 2 to 2.5 atmospheres reduces the biological half life of carboxyhaemoglobin to 24 minutes. Avoid stimulant drugs including carbon dioxide. Do not inject methylene blue. Absolute bed rest for at least 48 hours should be ensured. After recovery observe for late neurological and or cardiac complaints. Carboxyhaemoglobin levels in blood used as biological monitoring index.

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### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

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**5.1 Extinguishing media**

Use water fog to cool containers from protected area.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Non flammable.

**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

Temperatures in a fire may cause cylinders to rupture. Cool cylinders or containers exposed to fire by applying water from a protected location. Remove cool cylinders from the path of the fire. Evacuate the area if unable to keep cylinders cool. Do not approach cylinders or containers suspected of being hot.

**5.4 Hazchem code**

2TE  
2 Fine Water Spray.  
T Wear full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Dilute spill and run-off.  
E Evacuation of people in and around the immediate vicinity of the incident should be considered.

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### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

If the cylinder is leaking, evacuate area of personnel. Inform manufacturer/supplier of leak. Use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in Section 8 of the SDS.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.

### 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Carefully move material to a well ventilated remote area, then allow to discharge if safe to do so. Do not attempt to repair leaking valve or cylinder safety devices.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid inhalation. Do not drag, drop, slide or roll cylinders. The uncontrolled release of a gas under pressure may cause physical harm. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Do not drop, roll or drag cylinders. The uncontrolled release of any gas under pressure may cause physical harm. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store near incompatible materials. Cylinders should be stored below 45°C in a secure area, upright and restrained to prevent cylinders from falling. Cylinders should also be stored in a dry, well ventilated area constructed of non-combustible material with firm level floor (preferably concrete), away from areas of heavy traffic and emergency exits.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Exposure standards

| Ingredient      | Reference | TWA        |                   | STEL |                   |
|-----------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|------|-------------------|
|                 |           | ppm        | mg/m <sup>3</sup> | ppm  | mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Carbon monoxide | SWA (AUS) | 30         | 34                | --   | --                |
| Nitric oxide    | SWA (AUS) | 25         | 31                | --   | --                |
| Nitrogen        | SWA (AUS) | Asphyxiant |                   |      |                   |
| Sulphur dioxide | SWA (AUS) | 2          | 5.2               | 5    | 13                |

#### Biological limits

| Ingredient      | Determinant                        | Sampling Time | BEI                |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| CARBON MONOXIDE | Carboxyhemoglobin in blood         | End of shift  | 3.5% of hemoglobin |
|                 | Carbon monoxide in end-exhaled air | End of shift  | 20 ppm             |

Reference: ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls** Provide suitable ventilation to minimise or eliminate exposure. Confined areas (e.g. tanks) should be adequately ventilated or gas tested. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE

|             |                                              |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Eye / Face  | Wear safety glasses.                         |
| Hands       | Wear leather gloves.                         |
| Body        | Wear safety boots.                           |
| Respiratory | Not required under normal conditions of use. |



## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

|                           |                                |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Appearance                | COLOURLESS GAS                 |
| Odour                     | PUNGENT ODOUR                  |
| Flammability              | NON FLAMMABLE                  |
| Flash point               | NOT RELEVANT                   |
| Boiling point             | NOT AVAILABLE                  |
| Melting point             | NOT AVAILABLE                  |
| Evaporation rate          | NOT APPLICABLE                 |
| pH                        | NOT APPLICABLE                 |
| Vapour density            | NOT AVAILABLE                  |
| Specific gravity          | NOT APPLICABLE                 |
| Solubility (water)        | 0.1128 kg/kg (Sulphur dioxide) |
| Vapour pressure           | NOT AVAILABLE                  |
| Upper explosion limit     | NOT RELEVANT                   |
| Lower explosion limit     | NOT RELEVANT                   |
| Partition coefficient     | NOT AVAILABLE                  |
| Autoignition temperature  | NOT AVAILABLE                  |
| Decomposition temperature | NOT AVAILABLE                  |
| Viscosity                 | NOT AVAILABLE                  |
| Explosive properties      | NOT AVAILABLE                  |
| Oxidising properties      | NOT AVAILABLE                  |
| Odour threshold           | NOT AVAILABLE                  |

### 9.2 Other information

|                               |                  |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Cylinder pressure (when full) | 13000 kPa @ 15°C |
| % Volatiles                   | 100 %            |

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

At pressures above 7,000 kPa copper lining should be used to reduce corrosion. Stress corrosion cracking can occur in steels especially if other acid gases (e.g. Carbon Dioxide, Sulphur compounds) are present. Sulphur dioxide may violently react with alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide) and acids (e.g. nitric acid). Corrodes most materials when moist.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

This material will not decompose to form hazardous products other than that already present.

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

|                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Acute toxicity</b>           | May be harmful if inhaled. Carbon monoxide effects depend on the percentage of carboxyhaemoglobin: 10-20% mild headache and breathlessness on mild exertion; 20-30% headache, irritability, rapid fatigue and impaired memory; 30-40% severe headache, weakness, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, visual impairment and confusion; 40-50% increasing confusion, ataxia and collapse; 50-60% coma; >80% rapid death.<br><br>NITRIC OXIDE<br>LC50 (Inhalation): 115 ppm / 1 hour (rat)<br><br>SULPHUR DIOXIDE<br>LC50 (Inhalation): 2520 ppm / 1 hour (rat)<br><br>CARBON MONOXIDE<br>LC50 (Inhalation): 1807 ppm / 4 hours (rat) |
| <b>Skin</b>                     | Not classified as a skin irritant.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Eye</b>                      | Not classified as an eye irritant.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| <b>Sensitization</b>            | Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Mutagenicity</b>             | Not classified as a mutagen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <b>Carcinogenicity</b>          | Not classified as a carcinogen.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Reproductive</b>             | May cause harm to the unborn child. Exposure to carbon monoxide can result in developmental defects on fetuses without maternal symptoms.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| <b>STOT – single exposure</b>   | Asphyxiant. Effects are proportional to oxygen displacement. Over exposure may result in dizziness, drowsiness, weakness, fatigue, breathing difficulties and unconsciousness.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>STOT – repeated exposure</b> | Increased evidence of cardiovascular problems have been demonstrated upon chronic exposure to carbon monoxide. Can aggravate some diseases of the cardiovascular system such as coronary artery disease. The effect is enhanced by cigarette smoking. Adverse behavioural effects have been noted including impairment of vigilance, co-ordination, timing, behaviour, visual perception and certain cognitive functions. Some adaptation occurs in individuals repeatedly exposed to moderate concentrations.                                                                                                              |
| <b>Aspiration</b>               | Not classified as causing aspiration.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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### 12.1 Toxicity

No information provided.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

### 12.5 Other adverse effects

If released to the atmosphere this product will not contribute to ozone depletion or global warming. If released to soil or water this product will quickly evaporate to the atmosphere. Not toxic to plants or animals except at extremely high (asphyxiating) levels.

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

|                       |                                                                                        |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Waste disposal</b> | Cylinders should be returned to the manufacturer or supplier for disposal of contents. |
| <b>Legislation</b>    | Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.                              |

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## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



|                             | LAND TRANSPORT<br>(ADG)                       | SEA TRANSPORT<br>(IMDG / IMO)                 | AIR TRANSPORT<br>(IATA / ICAO)                |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| 14.1 UN Number              | 1956                                          | 1956                                          | 1956                                          |
| 14.2 Proper Shipping Name   | COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.<br>(Contains nitrogen) | COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.<br>(Contains nitrogen) | COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.<br>(Contains nitrogen) |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class | 2.2                                           | 2.2                                           | 2.2                                           |
| 14.4 Packing Group          | None Allocated                                | None Allocated                                | None Allocated                                |

**14.5 Environmental hazards** No information provided

**14.6 Special precautions for user**

|                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Hazchem code      | 2TE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| GTEPG             | 2C1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| EMS               | F-C, S-V                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Other information | Ensure cylinder is separated from driver and that outlet of relief device is not obstructed. Refer to Commonwealth, State and Territory Dangerous Goods Legislation which contain requirements which affect gas storage and transport. |

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                        |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Poison schedule      | A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Classifications      | Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals.<br><br>The classifications and phrases listed below are based on the Approved Criteria for Classifying Hazardous Substances [NOHSC: 1008(2004)]. |                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Hazard codes         | Repr.<br>Xn                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Reproductive toxin<br>Harmful                                                                                                                                          |
| Risk phrases         | R48/20<br>R61                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.<br>May cause harm to the unborn child.                                           |
| Safety phrases       | S45<br>S53                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).<br>Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. |
| Inventory listing(s) | <b>AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)</b><br>All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                        |

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

|                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Additional information | The storage of significant quantities of gas cylinders must comply with AS4332 The storage and handling of gases in cylinders.<br><br>APPLICATION METHOD: Gas regulator of suitable pressure and flow rating fitted to cylinder or manifold with low pressure gas distribution to equipment.<br><br>PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:<br>The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made. |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

**HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:**

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

**Abbreviations**

|                   |                                                                                                 |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ACGIH             | American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists                                       |
| CAS #             | Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds                 |
| CNS               | Central Nervous System                                                                          |
| EC No.            | EC No - European Community Number                                                               |
| EMS               | Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)                   |
| GHS               | Globally Harmonized System                                                                      |
| GTEPG             | Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide                                                            |
| IARC              | International Agency for Research on Cancer                                                     |
| LC50              | Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration                                         |
| LD50              | Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose                                                           |
| mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Milligrams per Cubic Metre                                                                      |
| OEL               | Occupational Exposure Limit                                                                     |
| pH                | relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline). |
| ppm               | Parts Per Million                                                                               |
| STEL              | Short-Term Exposure Limit                                                                       |
| STOT-RE           | Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)                                              |
| STOT-SE           | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)                                                |
| SUSMP             | Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons                                    |
| SWA               | Safe Work Australia                                                                             |
| TLV               | Threshold Limit Value                                                                           |
| TWA               | Time Weighted Average                                                                           |

**Report status**

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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**[ End of SDS ]**