

SAFETY DATA SHEET

2642

Product Name 3 COMPONENT MIXTURE (C2H3CL, O2, BALANCE NITROGEN)

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier name BOC LIMITED (AUSTRALIA)

Address 10 Julius Avenue, North Ryde, NSW, 2113, AUSTRALIA

Telephone 131 262, (02) 8874 4400 **Fax** 132 427 (24 hours)

Emergency 1800 653 572 (24/7) (Australia only)

Web site http://www.boc.com.au/

Synonym(s) 2642 - SDS NUMBER • SPECIAL GAS MIXTURE Use(s) CALIBRATION • INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

SDS date 21 March 2013

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

RISK PHRASES

R45 May cause cancer.

SAFETY PHRASES

S7/9 Keep container tightly closed and in a well ventilated place.

S44 If you feel unwell, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre immediately (show label where

possible).

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label where

possible).

S53 Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

UN number 1956 **DG division** 2.2

Packing group None Allocated Subsidiary risk(s) None Allocated

Hazchem code 2TE

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Identification	Classification	Content
OXYGEN	CAS: 7782-44-7 EC: 231-956-9	O;R8	<23%
VINYL CHLORIDE	CAS: 75-01-4 EC: 200-831-0	Carc.;R45 F+;R12	<1%
NITROGEN	CAS: 7727-37-9 EC: 231-783-9	Not Available	Remainder

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until

advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use an Air-line respirator or Self

ChemAlert.

Page 1 of 6 SDS Date: 21 Mar 2013

Product Name 3 COMPONENT MIXTURE (C2H3CL, O2, BALANCE NITROGEN)

Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA). Be aware of possible explosive atmospheres. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Give oxygen if available. For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre

on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running

water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Ingestion Due to product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

Advice to doctor Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Non flammable.

Fire and explosion Temperatures in a fire may cause cylinders to rupture. Cool cylinders or containers exposed to fire by

applying water from a protected location. Remove cool cylinders from the path of the fire. Evacuate the area if unable to keep cylinders cool. Do not approach cylinders or containers suspected of being hot. Heating vinyl chloride to decomposition will produce toxic fumes of chlorine. Remove cool cylinders from the path of the fire. Evacuate the area if unable to keep cylinders cool. Ensure work

area is well ventilated before re-entry.

Extinguishing Use water fog to cool containers from protected area.

Hazchem code 2TE

2 Water Fog (or fine water spray if fog unavailable)

T Self Contained Breathing apparatus and protective gloves.

E Evacuation of people in the vicinity of the incident should be considered.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

personal protective equipment as detailed in Section 8 of this SDS.

Environmental precautions Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be

dangerous.

Methods of cleaning up Carefully move material to a well ventilated remote area, then allow to discharge if safe to do so. Do

not attempt to repair leaking valve or cylinder safety devices.

References See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Storage Do not store near incompatible materials. Cylinders should be stored below 45°C in a secure area,

upright and restrained to prevent cylinders from falling. Cylinders should also be stored in a dry, well ventilated area constructed of non-combustible material with firm level floor (preferably concrete),

away from areas of heavy traffic and emergency exits.

Handling Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Do not

drag, drop, slide or roll cylinders. The uncontrolled release of a gas under pressure may cause

physical harm. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
	Reference	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Nitrogen	SWA (AUS)	Asphyxiant			
Vinyl chloride, monomer	SWA (AUS)	5	13		

Biological limits No biological limit allocated.

Engineering controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction

ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.



SDS Date: 21 Mar 2013

Page 2 of 6

Product Name 3 COMPONENT MIXTURE (C2H3CL, O2, BALANCE NITROGEN)

PPE

Eye / Face Wear safety glasses.

Hands Wear leather or cotton gloves. Wear coveralls and safety boots. Body

Respiratory Where an inhalation risk exists, wear Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) or an Air-line

respirator.







9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance COLOURLESS GAS Odour **FAINT SWEET ODOUR Flammability** NON FLAMMABLE Flash point NOT RELEVANT **Boiling point** NOT AVAILABLE **Melting point** NOT AVAILABLE **Evaporation rate NOT APPLICABLE** Hq **NOT APPLICABLE** Vapour density 0.967 (Nitrogen) (Air = 1) Specific gravity **NOT APPLICABLE** Solubility (water) NOT AVAILABLE Vapour pressure NOT AVAILABLE **Upper explosion limit NOT RELEVANT** Lower explosion limit NOT RELEVANT NOT AVAILABLE **Autoignition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Decomposition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Viscosity Partition coefficient** NOT AVAILABLE

100 % % Volatiles

12000 to 13000 kPa @ 15°C Cylinder pressure (when full)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

Conditions to avoid Avoid contact with incompatible substances. No known conditions to avoid.

Material to avoid Long term exposure of vinyl chloride to air may result in formation of peroxides which can initiate

explosive polymerisation. Can explode on contact with oxides of nitrogen. Corrosive when moist.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products

May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

Hazardous Reactions Polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Toxic. This product has the potential to cause adverse health effects. Use safe work practices to Summary avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Over exposure may result in cancer. Vinyl chloride is

classified as carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). The mixture contains vinyl chloride at concentrations above its recommended exposure standard. Chronic exposure to vinyl chloride has caused liver damage. Circulatory and bone changes in the fingertips have been reported in workers

handling unpolymerised material.

Eye

Inhalation Toxic by inhalation. Over exposure may result in cancer. Vinyl chloride is classified as carcinogenic

to humans (IARC Group 1). Chronic exposure to vinyl chloride has caused liver damage.

Skin Irritant. Contact may result in irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion is considered unlikely due to product form.

VINYL CHLORIDE (75-01-4)

ChemAlert.

Page 3 of 6

SDS Date: 21 Mar 2013

Product Name 3 COMPONENT MIXTURE (C2H3CL, O2, BALANCE NITROGEN)

Toxicity data VINYL CHLORIDE (75-01-4)

LC50 (inhalation) 18 pph/15 minutes (rat)

LCLo (inhalation) 200 ppm/18 minutes (mammal)

LD50 (ingestion) 500 mg/kg (rat)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity No information provided.

Persistence and degradability No information provided.

Bioaccumulative potential No information provided.

Mobility in soil No information provided.

Other adverse effects Nitrogen is the major component of the atmosphere (78 % v/v). It is a fairly unreactive gas and will

not contribute to ozone depletion or global warming. If released to soil or water, nitrogen will quickly disperse to the atmosphere. Not toxic to plants or animals except at extremely high (asphyxiating) levels. Vinyl chloride is not expected to bioconcentrate in aquatic organisms. Expected to polymerise and/or volatilise quickly. It breaks down in the atmosphere to form hydrogen chloride, chloroacetaldehyde, chloroethylene epoxide, formyl chloride, formaldehyde, formic acid and carbon

monoxide.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal Cylinders should be returned to the manufacturer or supplier for disposal of contents.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
UN number	1956	-	-
Proper shipping name	COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S.	-	-
DG class/ Division	2.2	-	-
Subsidiary risk(s)	None Allocated	-	-
Packing group	None Allocated	-	-
GTEPG	2C1		
	OTE		

Hazchem code 2TE

Other information Ensure cylinder is separated from driver and foodstuffs. Refer to Commonwealth, State and Territory

Dangerous Goods Legislation which contain requirements which affect gas storage and transport.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison schedule Classified as a Schedule 7 (S7) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

(SUSMP).

Inventory Listing(s) AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

ChemAlert.

Page 4 of 6 SDS Date: 21 Mar 2013

Product Name 3 COMPONENT MIXTURE (C2H3CL, O2, BALANCE NITROGEN)

Additional information

The storage of significant quantities of gas cylinders must comply with AS4332 The storage and handling of gases in cylinders.

Application Method: Gas regulator of suitable pressure and flow rating fitted to cylinder valve or manifold with low pressure gas distribution to equipment.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

Threshold Limit Value

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
CAS#	Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds
CNS	Central Nervous System
EC No.	EC No - European Community Number
GHS	Globally Harmonized System
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose
mg/m³	Milligrams per Cubic Metre
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
pН	relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly
	alkaline).
ppm	Parts Per Million
REACH	Regulation on Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)
SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Revision history

Re	evision	Description
1.	.0	Initial SDS Creation.

Time Weighted Average or Occupational Exposure Limit

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

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Prepared by

Risk Management Technologies 5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth Western Australia 6005 Phone: +61 8 9322 1711 Fax: +61 8 9322 1794 Email: info@rmt.com.au Web: www.rmt.com.au

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21 Mar 2013

Page 5 of 6

SDS Date:

3 COMPONENT MIXTURE (C2H3CL, O2, BALANCE NITROGEN)

Revision: 1

SDS Date: 21 March 2013

End of SDS



Product Name

Page 6 of 6 SDS Date: 21 Mar 2013