

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# 2508

Product Name 7 COMPONENT MIXTURE BALANCE ETHYLENE

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier Name BOC LIMITED (AUSTRALIA)

Address 10 Julius Avenue, North Ryde, NSW, AUSTRALIA, 2113

**Telephone** 131 262, (02) 8874 4400

**Fax** 132 427 (24 hours)

**Emergency** 1800 653 572 (24/7) (Australia only)

Web Site<a href="http://www.boc.com.au/">http://www.boc.com.au/</a>Synonym(s)SG 2508 - SDS NUMBER

Use(s) CALIBRATION · INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

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### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

**RISK PHRASES** 

R12 Extremely Flammable.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**SAFETY PHRASES** 

S2 Keep out of reach of children.

S9 Keep container in a well ventilated place.

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.
 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label where

possible).

# CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

**UN Number** 1954 **DG Division** 2.1

Packing GroupNone AllocatedSubsidiary Risk(s)None Allocated

Hazchem Code 2SE

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	Cas No.	Content (v/v)
HYDROGEN	H2	1333-74-0	4%
ETHANE	C2-H6	74-84-0	2%
ISOPENTANE	C5-H12	78-78-4	1%
METHANE	C-H4	74-82-8	0.5%
ETHYLENE	C2-H4	74-85-1	Remainder
NITROGEN	N2	7727-37-9	12%
1-HEXENE	C6-H12	592-41-6	0.2%

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

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Eye Cold burns: Immediately flush with tepid water or with sterile saline solution. Hold eyelids apart and

irrigate for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use an Air-line respirator or Self

Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA). Be aware of possible explosive atmospheres. Apply artificial

respiration if not breathing. Give oxygen if available.

Skin Cold burns: Remove contaminated clothing and gently flush affected areas with warm water (30°C) for 15 minutes. Apply sterile dressing and treat as for a thormal burn. For large burns, immerce in

for 15 minutes. Apply sterile dressing and treat as for a thermal burn. For large burns, immerse in warm water for 15 minutes. DO NOT apply any form of direct heat. Seek immediate medical

attention.

**Ingestion** Not considered a potential route of exposure.

Advice to Doctor Treat for asphyxia and cold burns.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Flammability**Highly flammable. Heating to decomposition produces acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Product will add fuel to a fire. Eliminate all ignition sources including cigarettes, open flames, spark producing

switches/tools, heaters, naked lights, pilot lights etc. when handling.

Fire and Explosion

Temperatures in a fire may cause cylinders to rupture and internal pressure relief devices to be

activated. Heating to decomposition produces acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Product will add fuel to a fire. To fight fire stop flow of gas, if safe to do so, and use carbon dioxide, dry chemical extinguisher or fine water spray. Cool cylinders exposed to fire by applying water from protected location. Do not approach cylinders suspected of being hot. Remove cool cylinders from the path of the fire. Evacuate area if unable to keep cylinders cool. If flame from cylinder is impinging on flammable materials or other cylinders evacuate the area. If the cylinder is standing alone then let the flame continue until all gas has been consumed. Ensure working area is well ventilated before

re-entry. This material is capable of forming explosive mixtures in air.

**Extinguishing** Dry agent, carbon dioxide, foam or water fog. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways.

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2 Water Fog (or fine water spray if fog unavailable)

S Self Contained Breathing apparatus and protective gloves.

E Evacuation of people in the vicinity of the incident should be considered.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Spillage** 

If the cylinder is leaking, eliminate all potential ignition sources and evacuate area of personnel. Prevent spreading of vapours through drains and ventilation systems. Inform manufacturer/supplier of leak. Use personal protective equipment. Carefully move material to a well ventilated remote area, then allow to discharge. Do not attempt to repair leaking valve or cylinder safety devices.

### 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Storage Do not store near sources of ignition or incompatible materials. Cylinders should be stored below

45°C in a secure area, upright and restrained to prevent cylinders from falling. Cylinders should also be stored in a dry, well ventilated area constructed of non-combustible material with firm level floor

(preferably concrete), away from areas of heavy traffic and emergency exits.

**Handling**Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Do not

drag, drop, slide or roll cylinders. The uncontrolled release of a gas under pressure may cause

physical harm. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure Standards**

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
Ingredient		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Ethane	SWA (AUS)	Asphyxiant			
Ethylene	SWA (AUS)	Asphyxiant			
Hydrogen	SWA (AUS)	Asphyxiant			
Methane	SWA (AUS)	Asphyxiant			
Nitrogen	SWA (AUS)	Asphyxiant			

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Biological Limits No biological limit allocated.

**Engineering Controls** Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical explosion

proof extraction ventilation is recommended. Flammable/explosive vapours may accumulate in poorly

ventilated areas. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

**PPE** 

Eye / Face Wear safety glasses.

**Hands** Wear leather or cotton gloves.

**Body** Wear safety boots.

**Respiratory** If spraying, wear Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) or an Air-line respirator.







# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**COLOURLESS GAS Appearance** SLIGHT ODOUR Odour **Flammability** HIGHLY FLAMMABLE Flash point NOT AVAILABLE **Boiling point** NOT AVAILABLE **Melting point** NOT AVAILABLE **Evaporation rate** NOT APPLICABLE рΗ NOT APPLICABLE Vapour density 0.97 (Air = 1) (Ethylene)Specific gravity NOT APPLICABLE Solubility (water) 0.23 cm<sup>3</sup>/cm<sup>3</sup> (Ethylene) Vapour pressure **NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE Upper explosion limit** Lower explosion limit **NOT AVAILABLE Autoignition temperature** 490°C (Ethylene) **Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity** Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE

% Volatiles 100 %

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemical Stability** Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

**Conditions to Avoid** Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Material to Avoid Explodes spontaneously when mixed with chlorine in sunlight. Reacts vigorously with some oxidising

agents.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products** 

Heating to decomposition produces acrid smoke and irritating fumes.

Hazardous Reactions Violent polymerisation catalysed by copper above 400°C and 5,400 kPa.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Summary

Asphyxiant. Also a weak anaesthetic. Symptoms of exposure are directly related to displacement of oxygen. As the amount of oxygen inhaled is reduced from 21-14% volume, the pulse rate may accelerate and the rate and volume of breathing may increase. The ability to maintain attention and think clearly is diminished, muscular co-ordination is somewhat disturbed. As oxygen decreases from 14-10% volume, judgement becomes faulty, severe injuries may result in no pain. Muscular effort may lead to rapid fatigue. Further reduction to 6% may result in nausea and vomiting. Ability to move may be lost. Permanent brain damage may result even after resuscitation from exposure to this low level of oxygen. Below 6% breathing is in gasps and convulsions may occur. Inhalation of a mixture containing no oxygen may result in unconsciousness from the first breath and death may follow in minutes. Ethylene is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity (IARC Group 3). A weak anaesthetic.

Low irritant. However, direct contact with evaporating liquid may result in severe cold burns with



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possible permanent damage. Eye

Non irritant - Asphyxiant. Effects are proportional to oxygen displacement. Inhalation

Skin Non irritant. However, direct contact with the liquefied material or escaping compressed gas may

cause frostbite injury.

Ingestion Ingestion is considered unlikely due to product form.

**Toxicity Data** METHANE (74-82-8)

> LC50 (inhalation) 326 gm/m3/2h (mouse)

1-HEXENE (592-41-6)

LC50 (inhalation) 32000 ppm/4hr (rat)

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Environment** Limited ecotoxicity data was available for this product at the time this report was prepared. Ensure

appropriate measures are taken to prevent this product from entering the environment.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste Disposal** Cylinders should be returned to the manufacturer or supplier for disposal of contents.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
UN Number	1954	1954	1954
Proper Shipping Name	COMPRESSED G	AS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (CONT	AINS ETHYLENE)
DG Class/ Division	2.1	2.1	2.1
Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
Packing Group	None Allocated	None Allocated	None Allocated
GTEPG	2A1		
Specific EPG	None Allocated		
<b>Environmental Hazards</b>		None Allocated	

**Hazchem Code** 2SE

None Allocated **EMS MARPOL 73/78** None Allocated

Other Information Ensure cylinder is separated from driver and that outlet of relief device is not obstructed.

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Poison Schedule** A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard

for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Inventory Listing(s) **AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)** 

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

**NEW ZEALAND: NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)** All components are listed on the NZIoC inventory, or are exempt.

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

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#### **Additional Information**

The storage of significant quantities of gas cylinders must comply with AS4332 The storage and handling of gases in cylinders.

APPLICATION METHOD: Gas regulator of suitable pressure and flow rating fitted to cylinder or manifold with low pressure gas distribution to equipment.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this ChemAlert report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

#### HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

#### **Abbreviations**

**ACGIH** American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists CAS# Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

**CNS** Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

**GHS** Globally Harmonized System

**IARC** International Agency for Research on Cancer

Milligrams per Cubic Metre mg/m<sup>3</sup> PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly pΗ

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

REACH Regulation on Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

**SUSMP** Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

TL V Threshold Limit Value

TWA/OEL Time Weighted Average or Occupational Exposure Limit

### Revision History

Revision	Description
1.1	Standard SDS Review
1.0	Standard SDS Review

#### Report Status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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**End of SDS** 



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