

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 2212

PROPANE STANDARD (0.1% C4H10, 1% C4H10, 1-2% C2H6, BALANCE C3H8) **Product Name** 

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

**Supplier Name BOC LIMITED (AUSTRALIA)** 

**Address** 10 Julius Avenue, North Ryde, NSW, AUSTRALIA, 2113

**Telephone** 131 262, (02) 8874 4400 **Fax** 132 427 (24 hours)

**Emergency** 1800 653 572 (24/7) (Australia only)

http://www.boc.com.au/ Web Site

2212 - MSDS NUMBER · BOC COMPONENT MIXTURE · PROPANE STANDARD Synonym(s)

CALIBRATION · INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS Use(s)

**SDS Date** 14 February 2012

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

**RISK PHRASES** 

R12 Extremely Flammable.

**SAFETY PHRASES** 

S9 Keep container in a well ventilated place.

S16 Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

# CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

**UN Number** 1954 **DG** Division 2.1

None Allocated **Packing Group** None Allocated Subsidiary Risk(s)

**Hazchem Code** 2SE

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	Cas No.	Content v/v
BUTANE	C4-H10	106-97-8	1 - 2%
ETHANE	C2-H6	74-84-0	1 - 2%
ISOBUTANE	C4-H10	75-28-5	1%
PROPANE	C3-H8	74-98-6	Remainder

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye None required.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use an Air-line respirator or Self

Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Give oxygen if available. For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor.

Skin None required.

Ingestion Due to product form and application, ingestion is considered unlikely.

**Advice to Doctor** Treat symptomatically.



# FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

**Flammability** Highly flammable. Product will add fuel to a fire. Eliminate all ignition sources including cigarettes,

open flames, spark producing switches/tools, heaters, naked lights, pilot lights, mobile phones etc. when handling. Not expected to product any hazardous reaction products when heated to

decomposition.

Temperatures in a fire may cause cylinders to rupture and internal pressure relief devices to be Fire and Explosion

activated. Cool cylinders or containers exposed to fire by applying water from a protected location. Do not approach cylinders or containers suspected of being hot. This material is capable of forming

explosive mixtures with air.

Extinguishing Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, such as by slowly closing the cylinder valve. If the gas source

cannot be isolated, do not extinguish the flame, since re-ignition and explosion could occur. Await arrival of emergency services or manufacturer's advisor. Drench and cool cylinders with water spray from protected area at a safe distance. If it is absolutely necessary to extinguish the flame, use only a dry chemical powder extinguisher. Do not move cylinders for at least 24 hours. Avoid shock and

bumps to cylinders.

2SE **Hazchem Code** 

> 2 Water Fog (or fine water spray if fog unavailable)

S Self Contained Breathing apparatus and protective gloves.

F Evacuation of people in the vicinity of the incident should be considered.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spillage If the cylinder is leaking, eliminate all potential ignition sources and evacuate area of personnel. Prevent spreading of vapours through drains and ventilation systems. Inform manufacturer/supplier of leak. Use personal protective equipment. Carefully move material to a well ventilated remote area,

then allow to discharge. Do not attempt to repair leaking valve or cylinder safety devices.

# 7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Storage Do not store near sources of ignition or incompatible materials. Cylinders should be stored below

45℃ in a secure area, upright and restrained to pr event cylinders from falling. Cylinders should also be stored in a dry, well ventilated area constructed of non-combustible material with firm level floor

(preferably concrete), away from areas of heavy traffic and emergency exits.

Handling Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid inhalation. Do not drag, drop, slide or roll

cylinders. The uncontrolled release of a gas under pressure may cause physical harm. Use a

suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Exposure Standards**

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
	Kelelelice	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Butane	SWA (AUS)	800	1900		
Ethane	SWA (AUS)	Asphyxiant			
Isobutane	SWA (AUS)	1000			
Propane	SWA (AUS)	Asphyxiant			

**Biological Limits** No biological limit allocated.



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# Product Name PROPANE STANDARD (0.1% C4H10, 1% C4H10, 1-2% C2H6, BALANCE C3H8)

**Engineering Controls** Provide suitable ventilation to minimise or eliminate exposure. Confined areas (eg. tanks) should be

adequately ventilated or gas tested. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure

standard.

**PPE** 

Eye / FaceWear safety glasses.HandsWear leather gloves.BodyWear safety boots.

**Respiratory** Where an inhalation risk exists, wear Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) or an Air-line

respirator.







# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance COLOURLESS GAS
Odour SLIGHT ODOUR
Flammability HIGHLY FLAMMABLE

Flash point  $< 0^{\circ}$ 

**NOT APPLICABLE Boiling point Melting point NOT APPLICABLE Evaporation rate NOT APPLICABLE NOT APPLICABLE** pН Vapour density NOT AVAILABLE **NOT APPLICABLE** Specific gravity Solubility (water) **INSOLUBLE NOT APPLICABLE** Vapour pressure **Upper explosion limit** 9.5 % (Propane) Lower explosion limit 2.2 % (Propane) **Autoignition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Decomposition temperature** NOT AVAILABLE **Viscosity** NOT AVAILABLE **Partition coefficient** NOT AVAILABLE

% Volatiles 100 %

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

**Conditions to Avoid** Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Material to Avoid Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. hypochlorites), acids (eg. nitric acid), heat and ignition

sources. Do not use natural rubber flexible hoses. Also incompatible (potentially violently) with

oxygen, halogens and metal halides.

**Hazardous Decomposition** 

**Products** 

This material will not decompose to form hazardous products other than that already present.

Hazardous Reactions Polymerization will not occur.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Summary Asphyxiant gas. Symptoms of exposure are directly related to displacement of oxygen. As the amount of oxygen inhaled is reduced from 21-14% volume, the pulse rate may accelerate and the rate and volume of breathing may increase. The ability to maintain attention and think clearly is diminished, muscular co-ordination is somewhat disturbed. As oxygen decreases from 14-10% volume, judgement becomes faulty, severe injuries may result in no pain. Muscular effort may lead to rapid fatigue. Further reduction to 6% may result in nausea and vomiting. Ability to move may be lost. Permanent brain damage may result even after resuscitation from exposure to this low level of oxygen. Below 6% breathing is in gasps and convulsions may occur. Inhalation of a mixture containing no oxygen may result in unconsciousness from the first breath and death may follow in minutes.



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#### **Product Name** PROPANE STANDARD (0.1% C4H10, 1% C4H10, 1-2% C2H6, BALANCE C3H8)

Eye Non irritant.

Inhalation Asphyxiant. Effects are proportional to oxygen displacement.

Non irritant. Skin

Ingestion Ingestion is considered unlikely due to product form.

**Toxicity Data** BUTANE (106-97-8)

> LC50 (inhalation) 658000 mg/m3/4H (rat)

PROPANE (74-98-6)

LC50 (inhalation) > 800000 ppm/15M (rat)

### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No known ecological damage is caused by this product. Environment

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Cylinders should be returned to the manufacturer or supplier for disposal of contents. **Waste Disposal** 

Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation. Legislation

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
UN Number	1954	-	-
Proper Shipping Name	COMPRESSED GAS, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (cont	- aines butane)	-
DG Class/ Division	2.1	-	-
Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated	-	-
Packing Group	None Allocated	-	-
OTEDO	0.4.4		

**GTEPG** 2A1 2SE **Hazchem Code** 

Ensure cylinder is separated from driver and that outlet of relief device is not obstructed. Refer to Other Information

Commonwealth, State and Territory Dangerous Goods Legislation which contain requirements which

affect gas storage and transport.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**Poison Schedule** A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard

for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP)

Inventory Listing(s) **AUSTRALIA: AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)** 

All components are listed on AICS, or are exempt.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Additional Information** The storage of significant quantities of gas cylinders must comply with AS4332 The storage and

handling of gases in cylinders.

APPLICATION METHOD: Gas regulator of suitable pressure and flow rating fitted to cylinder or

manifold with low pressure gas distribution to equipment.

ChemAlert.

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### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this ChemAlert report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

### **HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:**

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a ChemAlert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

**Abbreviations** 

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

GHS Globally Harmonized System

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

REACH Regulation on Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

TLV Threshold Limit Value

TWA/OEL Time Weighted Average or Occupational Exposure Limit

### **Revision History**

Revision	Description
0.1	Standard SDS Review

### **Report Status**

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

# **Prepared By**

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**End of SDS** 



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