## **Safety Data Sheet**



## Section 1: Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

## 1.1 Product identifier

Product Name • 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane

Synonyms • R134; R-134; Refrigerant 134

 CAS Number
 • 359-35-3

 Product Code
 • 90113

 EC Number
 • 206-628-3

 Molecular Formula
 • :C 2:H 2:F 4:

 Molecular Weight
 • 102.03

## 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified use(s) • Semiconductor manufacture, thin film etch

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer • Air Liquide

2700 Post Oak Blvd. Houston, TX 77056 United States www.us.airliquide.com

www.us.airiiquide.cor sds@airliquide.com

Telephone (Technical) • 713-896-2896 Telephone (Technical) • 800-819-1704

## 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Manufacturer 800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC

Manufacturer +1 703-527-3887 - Outside United States

## **Section 2: Hazards Identification**

## **EU/EEC**

According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)/REACH 1907/2006 [amended by 453/2010] According to EU Directive 67/548/EEC (DSD) or 1999/45/EC (DPD)

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Liquefied Gas - H280

Skin Irritation 2 - H315 Eye Irritation 2 - H319

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Respiratory Tract Irritation - H335

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects - H336

DSD/DPD Irritant (Xi)

Irritant (Xi)
 Harmful (Xn)
 R36/37/38, R67

## 2.2 Label Elements

**CLP** 

## WARNING





Hazard statements . H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eve irritation

H335+H336 - May cause respiratory irritation and drowsiness or dizziness

## **Precautionary statements**

Prevention • P261 - Avoid breathing gas.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P312 - Call a POISON ČENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P321 - Specific treatment, see supplemental first aid information. P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage/Disposal

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional,

national, and/or international regulations.

## DSD/DPD





Risk phrases

R36/37/38 - Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

R67 - Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Safety phrases . S26 - In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

## 2.3 Other Hazards

**CLP** 

DSD/DPD

Contact with gas or liquefied gas will cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite. This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces.

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) this material is considered

hazardous.

Contact with gas or liquefied gas will cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite. This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces.

This product is not considered dangerous under the European Directive 67/548/EEC

## United States (US)

According to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**OSHA HCS 2012** 

Liquefied Gas - H280 Skin Irritation 2 - H315 Eye Irritation 2A - H319 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Respiratory Tract Irritation - H335 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects - H336

Simple Asphyxiant

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified - Health Hazards - Frostbite

## 2.2 Label elements **OSHA HCS 2012**

## WARNING





Hazard statements • Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated - H280

Causes skin irritation - H315

Causes serious eye irritation - H319 May cause respiratory irritation - H335

May cause drowsiness or dizziness - H336

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

## **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** • Avoid breathing gas. - P261

Wash thoroughly after handling. - P264

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. - P271

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. - P280

Response .

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. - P304+P340

Call a PŎISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. - P312 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. - P302+P352 Specific treatment, see supplemental first aid information. - P321 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. - P332+P313 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. - P362

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. - P305+P351+P338 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. - P337+P313

Storage/Disposal .

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. - P403+P233

Store locked up. - P405

Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations. - P501

## 2.3 Other hazards

**OSHA HCS 2012** 

Contact with gas or liquefied gas will cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite. Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

### Canada

According to WHMIS

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

WHMIS

Compressed Gas - A Other Toxic Effects - D2B

## 2.2 Label elements **WHMIS**





Compressed Gas - A Other Toxic Effects - D2B

## 2.3 Other hazards

## **WHMIS**

Contact with gas or liquefied gas will cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite.
 This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces.
 In Canada, the product mentioned above is considered hazardous under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

## 2.4 Other information





## Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

## 3.1 Substances

Composition				
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive
				EU DSD/DPD: Self Classified: Xn, R67 Xi R36/37/38
Ethane, 1,1,2,2-	CAS:359-35-3			EU CLP: Self Classified: Press. Gas - Liq., H280; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Irrit. 2,
tetrafluoro-	EINECS:206-	99.5%	NDA	H315; STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit., H335; STOT SE 3: Narc., H336
tetranuoro-	628-3			OSHA HCS 2012: Press. Gas - Liq.; Eye Irrit. 2A; Skin Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3: Resp.
				Irrit.; STOT SE 3: Narc.; HNOC - Health Hazards- Frostbite

## 3.2 Mixtures

 Material does not meet the criteria of a mixture in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

## **Section 4 - First Aid Measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.

Skin

 If frostbite has occurred, seek medical attention immediately; do NOT rub the affected area(s) or flush them with water. In order to prevent further tissue damage, do NOT attempt to remove frozen clothing from frostbitten areas. If frostbite has not occurred, immediately and thoroughly wash contaminated skin with soap and water.

Eye

 If eye tissue is frozen, seek medical attention immediately; if tissue is not frozen, immediately and thoroughly flush the eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. If irritation, pain, swelling, lacrimation or photophobia persist, get medical attention as soon as possible.

Ingestion

 If frostbite has occurred, seek medical attention immediately; do NOT rub the affected area(s) or flush them with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

## 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## **Notes to Physician**

 All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

#### 4.4 Other information

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. RESCUERS SHOULD NOT ATTEMPT TO RETRIEVE VICTIMS OF EXPOSURE TO GASES WITHOUT ADEQUATE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT. At a minimum, Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn. Victim(s) who experience any adverse effect after overexposure to this gas mixture must be taken for medical attention. Rescuers should be taken for medical attention if necessary. Take a copy of the label and the MSDS to physician or other health professional with victim(s).

## Section 5 - Firefighting Measures

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media . Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.

SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical or CO2. LARGE FIRES: Water spray or fog.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing** Media

No data available

## 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Unusual Fire and Explosion** 

Hazards **Hazardous Combustion** 

**Products** 

Containers may explode when heated. Ruptured cylinders may rocket.

No data available

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible.

Always wear thermal protective clothing when handling refrigerated/cryogenic liquids. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

FIRE: If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.

FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.

FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices; icing may occur.

FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank.

FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

## **Personal Precautions**

Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Ventilate the area before entry.

#### **Emergency Procedures**

Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Keep out of low areas. Stay upwind. Do not direct water at spill or source of leak. LARGE SPILL:

Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 500 meters (1/3 mile)

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

No data available

## 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

# Containment/Clean-up Measures

Stop leak if you can do it without risk.

Do not direct water at spill or source of leak.

Use water spray to reduce vapors; do not put water directly on leak, spill area or inside container.

If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid.

Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

Ventilate the area.

Allow substance to evaporate.

## 6.4 Reference to other sections

 Refer to Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection and Section 13 - Disposal Considerations.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

## Handling

• Use only with adequate ventilation. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Be aware of any signs of dizziness or fatigue, especially if work is done in a poorly ventilated area; exposures to fatal concentrations of this gas mixture could occur without any significant warning symptoms, due to olfactory fatigue or oxygen deficiency. Cylinders should be firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked-over. Do not attempt to repair, adjust, or in any other way modify cylinders. If there is a malfunction or another type of operational problem, contact nearest distributor immediately. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not cut, weld, puncture or incinerate container.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

## **Storage**

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Protect cylinders against physical damage. Cylinders should be firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked-over.

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Refer to Section 1.2 - Relevant identified uses.

## **Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection**

## 8.1 Control parameters

## 8.2 Exposure controls

# **Engineering Measures/Controls**

 Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Use explosion-proof - electrical, ventilating and/or lighting equipment.

## **Personal Protective Equipment**

#### Respiratory

 Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or symptoms are experienced.

## Eye/Face

Skin/Body

Wear safety glasses.

Wear leather gloves when handling cylinders.

## **Environmental Exposure Controls**

• Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste. Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways.

## **Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties**

## 9.1 Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description			
Physical Form	Gas	Appearance/Description	Colorless liquefied gas with slight ethereal odor.
Color	Colorless	Odor	Slight ethereal odor.
Odor Threshold	Data lacking		
General Properties		-	·
Boiling Point	-19.7 C(-3.46 F)	Melting Point	-89 C(-128.2 F)
Decomposition Temperature	Data lacking	рН	Data lacking
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	Data lacking	Water Solubility	Data lacking
Viscosity	Data lacking	Explosive Properties	Data lacking
Oxidizing Properties:	Data lacking		
Volatility		-	·
Vapor Pressure	5.1842 atm @ 25 C(77 F)	Vapor Density	3.5 Air=1
Evaporation Rate	Data lacking		
Flammability	-	-	·
Flash Point	Not relevant	UEL	Not relevant
LEL	Not relevant	Autoignition	Not relevant
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not flammable.		
Environmental			
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	Data lacking		

## 9.2 Other Information

No additional physical and chemical parameters noted.

## **Section 10: Stability and Reactivity**

## 10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

## 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid open flames and high temperatures.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Alkali or Alkaline earth metals - powdered Al, Zn, Be, etc., molten caustics.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

 Decomposes with heat. Hazardous gases/vapors produced are hydrogen fluoride, and possibly carbonyl fluoride.

## **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test Type	Dosage	Route	Species	Duration	Results	Test Class	Target Organs	Comments	
Acute Toxicity	= 1500 g/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalation	Rat	4 Hour(s)	LC50	NDA	NDA	NDA	
Reproductive	= 30 pph	Inhalation	Rat	6 Hour(s)	TCLo	NDA	NDA	NDA	
GHS Properties			C	Classification					
Acute toxicity			I -	EU/CLP • Class OSHA HCS 20		eria not met ation criteria not	met		
Aspiration Hazar	d	EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met							
Carcinogenicity			I -	EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met					
Germ Cell Mutag	enicity		I .	EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met					
Skin corrosion/Ir	Derrosion/Irritation 2 OSHA HCS 2012 • Skin Irritation 2								
Skin sensitizatio	n			EU/CLP • Class OSHA HCS 20		eria not met ation criteria not	met		
STOT-RE				EU/CLP • Class OSHA HCS 20		eria not met ation criteria not	met		
STOT-SE			T	EU/CLP • Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects; Sp Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Respiratory Tract Irritation OSHA HCS 2012 • Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Narcotic Effects; Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: Respiratory Tract Irritation				n e 3: Narcotic Effec	
Toxicity for Reproduction				EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met					
Respiratory sensitization				EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met					

**EU/CLP** • Eye Irritation 2

OSHA HCS 2012 • Eye Irritation 2A

1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane 359-35-3

## Route(s) of entry/exposure Potential Health Effects Inhalation

Serious eye damage/Irritation

Inhalation, Skin, Eye

Acute (Immediate)

• May cause respiratory irritation. May affect the central nervous system. Symptoms may include dizziness, drowsiness, lethargy, coma and death. This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces. If this material is released in a small, poorly ventilated area (i.e. an enclosed or confined space), an oxygen-deficient environment may occur. Individuals breathing such an atmosphere may experience symptoms which include headaches, ringing in ears, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, nausea, vomiting, and depression of all the senses. Under some circumstances of over-exposure, death may occur. The following effects associated with decreased levels of oxygen: increase in breathing and pulse rate, emotional upset, abnormal fatigue, nausea, vomiting, collapse, loss of consciousness, convulsive movements, respiratory collapse and death.

OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met

Chronic (Delayed)
Skin

No data available

Acute (Immediate)

 Causes skin irritation. Contact with gas or liquefied gas will cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite.

**Chronic (Delayed)** 

. No data available

## Eye

Acute (Immediate)

Causes serious eye irritation. Contact with gas or liquefied gas will cause burns, severe injury and/or frostbite.

No data available

Chronic (Delayed)

Ingestion

Acute (Immediate)

Chronic (Delayed)

- Ingestion is not anticipated to be a likely route of exposure to this product. Ingestion can cause burns similar to frostbite.
- No data available

## Key to abbreviations

LC = Lethal Concentration TC = Toxic Concentration

## **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

## 12.1 Toxicity

Material data lacking.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Material data lacking.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Material data lacking.

## 12.4 Mobility in Soil

Material data lacking.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment has not been conducted for this material.

## 12.6 Other adverse effects

No studies have been found.

## **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product waste** 

Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Packaging waste

Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

## **Section 14 - Transport Information**

	14.1 UN number	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 Packing group	14.5 Environmental hazards
DOT	UN3163	Liquefied gas, n.o.s. (1,1,2,2- Tetrafluoroethane)	2.2	NDA	NDA
TDG	UN3163	LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S. (1,1,2,2- Tetrafluoroethane)	2.2	NDA	NDA

IMO/IMDG	UN3163	LIQUEFIED GAS, N.O.S. (1,1,2,2- Tetrafluoroethane)	2.2	NDA	NDA
IATA/ICAO	UN3163	Liquefied gas, n.o.s. (1,1,2,2- Tetrafluoroethane)	2.2	NDA	NDA

## 14.6 Special precautions for

Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well-ventilated vehicle. The
transportation of compressed gas cylinders in automobiles or in closed-body vehicles
can present serious safety hazards. If transporting these cylinders in vehicles, ensure
these cylinders are not exposed to extremely high temperatures (as may occur in an
enclosed vehicle on a hot day). Additionally, the vehicle should be well-ventilated
during transportation.

# 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not relevant.

## **Section 15 - Regulatory Information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**SARA Hazard Classifications** • Pressure(Sudden Release of)

State Right To Know						
Component	CAS	MA	NJ	PA		
1,1,2,2- Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	No	No	No		

Inventory							
Component	CAS	Canada DSL	Canada NDSL	China	EU EINECS	EU ELNICS	
1,1,2,2- Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	
	Inventory (Con't.)						
Component			CAS	TSC	CA		
1,1,2,2- Tetrafluoroethane		359	9-35-3	Ye	es		

## Canada

Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of Substances		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List • 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed

#### Environment

Canada - CEPA - Priority Substances List

• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane 359-35-3 Not Listed

## China

#### Environment

China - Ozone Depleting Substances - First Schedule

• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
China - Ozone Depleting Substances - Second Schedule		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
China - Ozone Depleting Substances - Third Schedule		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
Other		
China - Annex I & II - Controlled Chemicals Lists		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
China Dangerous Goods List		
China - Dangerous Goods List  • 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
• 1,1,2,2-1etranuoroetriane	309-30-3	NOI LISIEU
China - Export Control List - Part I Chemicals		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
Europe		
Other EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Classification		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
1, 1,2,2 Totaliaoroctiano	000 00 0	NOT EISTON
EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Concentration Limits		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Labelling		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
1, 1,2,2 100 and 1000 and	000 00 0	Not Listed
EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Notes - Substances and Preparations		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Safety Phrases		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
1,1,2,2 101141140100114110	000 00 0	Not Elotod
Germany		
Environment		
Germany - TA Luft - Types and Classes		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS) - Annex 1		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
Orange Water Oleration (V. V. O. A		
Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS) - Annex 2 - Water Hazard Classes	050 05 0	NI-AII S-A- JI
1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS) - Annex 3		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
Other Specifically Regulated Chemicals in TRGS		
Germany - Specifically Regulated Chemicals in TRGS  • 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
1,1,2,2 Tetranuoroeniane	JJJ-JJ-J	NOT LISTER

Portugal		
Other Portugal - Prohibited Substances		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
United Kingdom		
Environment United Kingdom - Pollution Inventory - Schedule 1 - Thresholds for Releases to A	Air	
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
United Kingdom - Substances Contained in Dangerous Substances or Preparation	ons	
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
Other United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - Substances in Review		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
United Kingdom - The Red List - Dangerous Substances in Water		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
United States		
Labor U.S OSHA - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
U.S OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
Environment U.S CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Radionuclides and Their Reportable Quantities		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
U.S CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed

## **United States - California**

• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane

Environment
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing

Not Listed

359-35-3

• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed	
<ul> <li>U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity</li> <li>1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane</li> </ul>	359-35-3	Not Listed	
<ul> <li>U.S California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)</li> <li>1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane</li> </ul>	359-35-3	Not Listed	
<ul> <li>U.S California - Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRL)</li> <li>1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane</li> </ul>	359-35-3	Not Listed	
<ul> <li>U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female</li> <li>1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane</li> </ul>	359-35-3	Not Listed	
<ul> <li>U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male</li> <li>1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane</li> </ul>	359-35-3	Not Listed	

## **United States - Pennsylvania**

Labor U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances		
• 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoroethane	359-35-3	Not Listed

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

## **Section 16 - Other Information**

Last Revision Date
Preparation Date
Disclaimer/Statement of
Liability

- 18/November/2013
- 18/November/2013
- To the best of Air Liquide's knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness are not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either express or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to this specific product. If this gas mixture is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.

**Key to abbreviations** NDA = No Data Available