

## Safety Data Sheet



### Section 1: Identification

#### Product identifier

**Product Name** • Sulfur Dioxide (0.0010 - 0.0999%), Nitrogen (Balance)

**Product Code** • MSDS No.: 30079

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Recommended use** • Calibration Gas

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Manufacturer** • Air Liquide  
2700 Post Oak Blvd.  
Houston, TX 77056  
United States  
www.us.airliquide.com  
sds@airliquide.com

**Telephone (Technical)** • 713-896-2896

**Telephone (Technical)** • 800-819-1704

#### Emergency telephone number

**Manufacturer** • 800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC

**Manufacturer** • +1 703-527-3887 - Outside United States

### Section 2: Hazard Identification

#### United States (US)

According to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

**OSHA HCS 2012** • Compressed Gas - H280  
Simple Asphyxiant

#### Label elements

**OSHA HCS 2012**

#### WARNING



**Hazard statements** • Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated - H280  
May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

#### Precautionary statements

**Storage/Disposal** • Store in a well-ventilated place. - P403

**Other hazards****OSHA HCS 2012**

- Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

**Canada**

According to WHMIS

**Classification of the substance or mixture****WHMIS**

- Compressed Gas - A

**Label elements****WHMIS**

- Compressed Gas - A

**Other hazards****WHMIS**

- This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces. In Canada, the product mentioned above is considered hazardous under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

**Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients****Substances**

- Material does not meet the criteria of a substance.

**Mixtures**

| Hazardous Components |               |                     |  |   |            |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------------|--|---|------------|
| Chemical Name        | Identifiers   | %(weight)           | LD50/LC50                                | Classifications According to Regulation/Directive                       | Comments   |
| Nitrogen             | CAS:7727-37-9 | 99.9001% TO 99.999% | NDA                                      | OSHA HCS 2012: Press. Gas - Comp.; Simp. Asphyx.                        | Balance    |
| Sulfur dioxide       | CAS:7446-09-5 | 0.001% TO 0.0999%   | Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 2520 ppm 1 Hour(s) | OSHA HCS 2012: Press. Gas - Comp.; Muta. 2; Acute Tox. 3 (inh); Repr. 2 | 10-999 ppm |

**Section 4: First-Aid Measures****Description of first aid measures****Inhalation**

- IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.

**Skin**

- Although exposure is unlikely, in case of contact immediately flush skin with running

- water. If skin irritation develops get medical advice/attention.
- Eye**
- First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and as recommended. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.
- Ingestion**
- Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

**Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

- Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

**Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

**Notes to Physician**

- All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred. A potential health hazard associated with this gas is anoxia.

**Other information**

- Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. **RESCUERS SHOULD NOT ATTEMPT TO RETRIEVE VICTIMS OF EXPOSURE TO GASES WITHOUT ADEQUATE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.** At a minimum, Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn. Victim(s) who experience any adverse effect after over-exposure to this gas mixture must be taken for medical attention. Rescuers should be taken for medical attention if necessary. Take a copy of the label and the MSDS to physician or other health professional with victim(s).

**Section 5: Fire-Fighting Measures**

**Extinguishing media**

- Suitable Extinguishing Media**
- Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire.

- Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**
- No data available

**Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

- Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards**
- Containers may explode when heated.  
Ruptured cylinders may rocket.

- Hazardous Combustion Products**
- No data available

**Advice for firefighters**

- Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible.  
Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).  
Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.  
FIRE: If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.  
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.  
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.  
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices; icing may occur.  
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank.  
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

**Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### Personal Precautions

- Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Ventilate the area before entry.

### Emergency Procedures

- Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Keep out of low areas. Stay upwind. Do not direct water at spill or source of leak. **LARGE SPILL:** Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 500 meters (1/3 mile)

### Environmental precautions

- No special environmental precautions necessary.

## Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

### Containment/Clean-up Measures

- Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not direct water at spill or source of leak. Use water spray to reduce vapors; do not put water directly on leak, spill area or inside container. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Ventilate the area.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Handling

- Use only with adequate ventilation. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Be aware of any signs of dizziness or fatigue, especially if work is done in a poorly ventilated area; exposures to fatal concentrations of this gas mixture could occur without any significant warning symptoms, due to olfactory fatigue or oxygen deficiency. Cylinders should be firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked-over. Do not attempt to repair, adjust, or in any other way modify cylinders. If there is a malfunction or another type of operational problem, contact nearest distributor immediately. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not cut, weld, puncture or incinerate container.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage

- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Protect cylinders against physical damage. Cylinders should be firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked-over.

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

### Control parameters

| Exposure Limits/Guidelines    |        |                 |   |  |                                       |                                     |
|-------------------------------|--------|-----------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                               | Result | ACGIH           | Canada Ontario                          | Canada Quebec                            | NIOSH                                 | OSHA                                |
| Sulfur dioxide<br>(7446-09-5) | STELs  | 0.25 ppm STEL   | 5 ppm STEL; 10.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL | 5 ppm STEV; 13 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEV    | 5 ppm STEL; 13 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL | Not established                     |
|                               | TWAs   | Not established | 2 ppm TWA; 5.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA    | 2 ppm TWAEV; 5.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWAEV | 2 ppm TWA; 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA    | 5 ppm TWA; 13 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA |

### Exposure controls

#### Engineering Measures/Controls

- Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

#### Personal Protective Equipment

##### Respiratory

- Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134. Use a

NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or symptoms are experienced.

**Eye/Face**

- Wear safety glasses.

**Skin/Body**

- Wear leather gloves when handling cylinders.

**Environmental Exposure Controls**

- Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste. Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways.

**Key to abbreviations**

STEL = Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15-minute exposures

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene

STEV = Short Term Exposure Value

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

TWAEV = Time-Weighted Average Exposure Value

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

### Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

| Material Description                               |   |                                   |   |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| Physical Form                                      | Gas   | Appearance/Description            | Colorless gas with acrid or pungent odor.   |
| Color  | Colorless                                       | Odor                              | Acrid or pungent odor.                      |
| Taste  | Data lacking                                    | Particulate Type                  | Not relevant                                |
| Particulate Size                                   | Not relevant                                    | Aerosol Type                      | Not relevant                                |
| Odor Threshold                                     | 3 to 5 ppm<br>Sulfur Dioxide                    | Physical and Chemical Properties  | Data lacking                                |
| General Properties                                 |   |                                   |   |
| Boiling Point                                      | -195.8 C(-320.44 F)<br>Nitrogen                 | Melting Point                     | -210 C(-346 F)<br>Nitrogen                  |
| Decomposition Temperature                          | Data lacking                                    | Heat of Decomposition             | Data lacking                                |
| pH   | Not relevant                                    | Specific Gravity/Relative Density | 0.906 Water=1 @ 21.1 C(69.98 F)<br>Nitrogen |
| Density  | 1.153 kg/m <sup>3</sup> @ 0 C(32 F)<br>Nitrogen | Bulk Density                      | Data lacking                                |
| Water Solubility                                   | Moderately soluble 1 to 10 %                    | Solvent Solubility                | Data lacking                                |
| Viscosity  | Not relevant                                    | Explosive Properties              | Not explosive.                              |
| Oxidizing Properties:                              | Not an oxidizing gas.                           |                                   |   |
| Volatility   |   |                                   |   |
| Vapor Pressure                                     | Not relevant                                    | Vapor Density                     | 1.066 Air=1                                 |
| Evaporation Rate                                   | Not relevant                                    | VOC (Wt.)                         | Data lacking                                |
| VOC (Vol.)   | Data lacking                                    | Volatiles (Wt.)                   | Data lacking                                |
| Volatiles (Vol.)                                   | Data lacking                                    |                                   |   |
| Flammability                                       |   |                                   |   |
| Flash Point  | Not relevant                                    | UEL                               | Not relevant                                |
| LEL  | Not relevant                                    | Autoignition                      | Not relevant                                |
| Heat of Combustion ( $\Delta H_c$ )                | Not relevant                                    | Burning Time                      | Not relevant                                |
| Flame Height                                       | Not relevant                                    | Flame Extension                   | Not relevant                                |
| Ignition Distance                                  | Not relevant                                    | Flame Duration                    | Not relevant                                |
| Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature (SADT) | Not relevant                                    | Flammability (solid, gas)         | Not flammable.                              |

**Environmental**

|                                       |              |                                     |              |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| Half-Life                             | Data lacking | Octanol/Water Partition coefficient | Data lacking |
| Coefficient of water/oil distribution | Data lacking | Bioaccumulation Factor              | Data lacking |
| Bioconcentration Factor               | Data lacking | Biochemical Oxygen Demand BOD/BOD5  | Data lacking |
| Chemical Oxygen Demand                | Data lacking | Persistence                         | Data lacking |
| Degradation                           | Data lacking |                                     |              |

**Section 10: Stability and Reactivity****Reactivity**

- No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

**Chemical stability**

- Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**

- Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

- Excess heat.

**Incompatible materials**

- Will react with water or steam to produce toxic and corrosive fumes. The Sulfur Dioxide component of this gas mixture is not compatible with the following materials: strong bases, strong oxidizers, powdered metals, metal oxides, interhalogens, metal acetylides, sodium hydride, silver azide, cesium azide, fluorine, zinc, zinc compounds.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

- Sulfur dioxide dissolves in water to form corrosive sulfuric acid.

**Section 11 - Toxicological Information****Information on toxicological effects**

| Component Name                       | CAS       | Data   |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Sulfur dioxide (0.001% TO 0.0999%)   | 7446-09-5 | <b>Acute Toxicity:</b> ihl-rat LC50:2520 ppm/1H;<br><b>Irritation:</b> eye-rbt 6 ppm/32D MLD;<br><b>Reproductive:</b> ihl-mus TCLo:25 ppm/7H (6-15D preg); ihl-rbt TCLo:70 ppm/7H (6-18D preg);<br><b>Tumorigen/Carcinogen:</b> ihl-rat TCLo:72 mg/kg/300D-I |
| <b>GHS Properties</b>                |           | <b>Classification</b>  |
| <b>Acute toxicity</b>                |           | OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met  |
| <b>Aspiration Hazard</b>             |           | OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met  |
| <b>Carcinogenicity</b>               |           | OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met  |
| <b>Germ Cell Mutagenicity</b>        |           | OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met  |
| <b>Respiratory sensitization</b>     |           | OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met  |
| <b>Serious eye damage/Irritation</b> |           | OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met  |
| <b>Skin corrosion/Irritation</b>     |           | OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met  |

|                                  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| <b>Skin sensitization</b>        | <b>OSHA HCS 2012</b> • Classification criteria not met |
| <b>STOT-RE</b>                   | <b>OSHA HCS 2012</b> • Classification criteria not met |
| <b>STOT-SE</b>                   | <b>OSHA HCS 2012</b> • Classification criteria not met |
| <b>Toxicity for Reproduction</b> | <b>OSHA HCS 2012</b> • Classification criteria not met |

**Route(s) of entry/exposure** • Inhalation, Skin, Eye

## Potential Health Effects

### Inhalation

#### Acute (Immediate)

- This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces. If this material is released in a small, poorly ventilated area (i.e. an enclosed or confined space), an oxygen-deficient environment may occur. Individuals breathing such an atmosphere may experience symptoms which include headaches, ringing in ears, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, nausea, vomiting, and depression of all the senses. Under some circumstances of over-exposure, death may occur. The following effects associated with decreased levels of oxygen: increase in breathing and pulse rate, emotional upset, abnormal fatigue, nausea, vomiting, collapse, loss of consciousness, convulsive movements, respiratory collapse and death.

#### Chronic (Delayed)

- No data available

### Skin

#### Acute (Immediate)

- Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.

#### Chronic (Delayed)

- Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.

### Eye

#### Acute (Immediate)

- Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.

#### Chronic (Delayed)

- Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.

### Ingestion

#### Acute (Immediate)

- Ingestion is not anticipated to be a likely route of exposure to this product.

#### Chronic (Delayed)

- Ingestion is not anticipated to be a likely route of exposure to this product.

### Mutagenic Effects

- Material level data is not available however this gas mixture contains sulfur dioxide which based on studies in rats may cause mutagenic effects upon prolonged and repeated exposure. The sulfur dioxide component is present in amounts below regulatory thresholds that would make this classification relevant to the material.

### Carcinogenic Effects

- The components of this material are not found on the following lists: FEDERAL OSHA Z LIST, NTP and IARC; therefore, they are not considered to be, nor suspected to be, cancer-causing agents by these agencies.

### Reproductive Effects

- Material level data is not available however this gas mixture contains sulfur dioxide which based on studies in mice and rabbits may cause developmental effects. The sulfur dioxide component is present in amounts below regulatory thresholds that would make this classification relevant to the material.

#### Key to abbreviations

TC = Toxic Concentration

MLD = Mild

LC = Lethal Concentration

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

### Toxicity

- Material data lacking.

**Persistence and degradability**

- Material data lacking.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

- Material data lacking.

**Mobility in Soil**

- Material data lacking.

**Other adverse effects**

- Material data lacking.

**Section 13 - Disposal Considerations****Waste treatment methods****Product waste**

- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

**Packaging waste**

- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

**Section 14 - Transport Information**

|           | 14.1 UN number | 14.2 UN proper shipping name                      | 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 14.4 Packing group | 14.5 Environmental hazards |
|-----------|----------------|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
| DOT       | UN1956         | Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Sulfur Dioxide) | 2.2                             | NDA                | NDA                        |
| TDG       | UN1956         | COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (NITROGEN, SULFUR DIOXIDE) | 2.2                             | NDA                | NDA                        |
| IMO/IMDG  | UN1956         | COMPRESSED GAS, N.O.S. (NITROGEN, SULFUR DIOXIDE) | 2.2                             | NDA                | NDA                        |
| IATA/ICAO | UN1956         | Compressed gas, n.o.s. (Nitrogen, Sulfur Dioxide) | 2.2                             | NDA                | NDA                        |

**Special precautions for user**

- Sulfur Dioxide has a reportable quantity of 500 lbs (227 kg) as listed in Appendix A to 49 CFR 172.101. Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well-ventilated vehicle. The transportation of compressed gas cylinders in automobiles or in closed-body vehicles can present serious safety hazards. If transporting these cylinders in vehicles, ensure these cylinders are not exposed to extremely high temperatures (as may occur in an enclosed vehicle on a hot day). Additionally, the vehicle should be well-ventilated during transportation.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**

- Not relevant.

**Section 15 - Regulatory Information****Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**SARA Hazard Classifications** ● Acute, Pressure(Sudden Release of)



| State Right To Know |           |     |     |     |
|---------------------|-----------|-----|-----|-----|
| Component           | CAS       | MA  | NJ  | PA  |
| Nitrogen            | 7727-37-9 | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Sulfur dioxide      | 7446-09-5 | Yes | Yes | Yes |

| Inventory      |           |            |             |      |
|----------------|-----------|------------|-------------|------|
| Component      | CAS       | Canada DSL | Canada NDSL | TSCA |
| Nitrogen       | 7727-37-9 | Yes        | No          | Yes  |
| Sulfur dioxide | 7446-09-5 | Yes        | No          | Yes  |

## Canada

### Labor

#### Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of Substances

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% A, D1A, D2B, E
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% A

#### Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% 1 %
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

### Environment

#### Canada - CEPA - Priority Substances List

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% Not Listed
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

## United States

### Labor

#### U.S. - OSHA - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% 1000 lb TQ (liquid)
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

#### U.S. - OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% Not Listed
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

### Environment

#### U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% Not Listed
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities**

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% Not Listed
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Radionuclides and Their Reportable Quantities**

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% Not Listed
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs**

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% 500 lb EPCRA RQ
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs**

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% 500 lb TPQ
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting**

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% Not Listed
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing**

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% Not Listed
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**United States - California**

**Environment**

**U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List**

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% Not Listed
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity**

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% developmental toxicity, initial date 7/29/11
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)**

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% Not Listed
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRL)**

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% Not Listed
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female**

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% Not Listed
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male**

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% Not Listed
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**United States - Pennsylvania**

**Labor**

**U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List**

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999%
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances**

- Sulfur dioxide 7446-09-5 0.001% TO 0.0999% Not Listed
- Nitrogen 7727-37-9 99.9001% TO 99.999% Not Listed

**Section 16 - Other Information**

**Last Revision Date** ● 06/November/2012

**Preparation Date**

- 06/November/2012

**Disclaimer/Statement of Liability**

- To the best of Air Liquide's knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness are not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either express or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to this specific product. If this gas mixture is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.

**Key to abbreviations**

NDA = No Data Available

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