



SAFETY DATA SHEET

SDS ID NO.: 0153MAR019 **Revision Date:** 06/01/2015

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: Marathon Petroleum Denatured Alcohol

Synonym: Denatured Alcohol, Marathon

Chemical Family: Alcohol

Recommended Use: Fuel additive. **Use Restrictions:** All others.

Supplier Name and Address:

MARATHON PETROLEUM COMPANY LP 539 South Main Street Findlay, OH 45840

SDS information: 1-419-421-3070

Emergency Telephone: 1-877-627-5463

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous according to the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1B
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B
Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 3
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 3

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

Label elements

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Danger

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE LIQUID AND VAPOR

Causes serious eye irritation May cause genetic defects

May cause cancer

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

SDS ID NO.: 0153MAR019 Product name: Marathon Petroleum Denatured Alcohol Page 1 of 9

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects



Appearance Colorless Liquid

Physical State Liquid

Odor Very faint. Alcoholic

Revision Date: 06/01/2015

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Wash hands and any possibly exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Avoid release to the environment

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Store locked up

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container at an approved waste disposal plant

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Denatured Alcohol is a mixture of ethyl alcohol and natural gasoline that is approved for use as an octane-enhancing blending component in gasoline.

Composition Information:

Name	CAS Number	Weight %
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	97.5-98
Natural Gasoline	8006-61-9	1.9-2.5

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

General advice In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show directions

for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, institute rescue breathing. If breathing is difficult,

ensure airway is clear, give oxygen and continue to monitor. If heart has stopped,

immediately begin cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR). Keep affected person warm and at

rest. Get medical attention if cough or other respiratory symptoms develop.

SDS ID NO.: 0153MAR019 Product name: Marathon Petroleum Denatured Alcohol Page 2 of 9

Skin Contact: Immediately wash exposed skin with plenty of soap and water while removing contaminated

clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation persists. Place contaminated clothing in closed container until cleaned or discarded. If clothing is to be laundered, inform the

Revision Date: 06/01/2015

person performing the operation of contaminant's hazardous properties.

Eye Contact: Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids should be

held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Gently remove contacts while

flushing. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. If spontaneous vomiting occurs, keep head below hips, or if patient

is lying down, turn body and head to side to prevent aspiration and monitor for breathing difficulty. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Keep affected person

warm and at rest. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Most important signs and symptoms, both short-term and delayed with overexposure

Adverse Effects: Acute: May cause severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness,

and swelling. Delayed: Dry skin and possible irritation with repeated or prolonged

exposure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: INGESTION: Aspiration into lungs may cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. Treat

symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

For small fires, Class B fire extinguishing media such as CO2, dry chemical, foam (AFFF/ATC) or water spray can be used. For large fires, water spray, fog or foam (AFFF/ATC) can be used. Firefighting should be attempted only by those who are adequately trained and equipped with proper protective equipment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use straight water streams to avoid spreading fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

This product has been determined to be a highly flammable liquid per the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and should be handled accordingly. Vapors may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by many sources such as pilot lights, sparks, electric motors, static discharge, or other ignition sources at locations distant from material handling. Flashback can occur along vapor trail. For additional fire related information, see NFPA 30 or the Emergency Response Guidebook 127.

Hazardous combustion products

Smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No. Sensitivity to Static Discharge Yes.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighters should wear full protective clothing and positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece, as appropriate. Flame is invisible in daylight. Avoid using straight water streams. Water may be ineffective in extinguishing low flash point fires, but can be used to cool exposed surfaces. Avoid excessive water spray application. Water spray and foam (AFFF/ATC) must be applied carefully to avoid frothing and from as far a distance as possible. Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources.

NFPA: Health 2 Flammability 3 Instability 0 Special Hazards -

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SDS ID NO.: 0153MAR019 Product name: Marathon Petroleum Denatured Alcohol Page 3 of 9

Personal Precautions: Keep public away. Isolate and evacuate area. Shut off source if safe to do so. Eliminate all

ignition sources.

Protective Equipment: Use personal protection measures as recommended in Section 8.

Advise authorities and National Response Center (800-424-8802) if the product has **Emergency Procedures:**

entered a water course or sewer. Notify local health and pollution control agencies, if

Revision Date: 06/01/2015

appropriate.

Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. Avoid subsoil penetration.

Methods and materials for

containment:

Contain liquid with sand or soil.

Methods and materials for cleaning Use suitable absorbent materials such as vermiculite, sand, or clay to clean up residual liquids. Recover and return free product to proper containers. When recovering free liquids

ensure all equipment is grounded and bonded.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Use appropriate grounding and bonding practices. Do not expose to heat, open flames, Safe Handling Precautions:

> strong oxidizers or other sources of ignition. No smoking. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid repeated and prolonged skin contact. Use personal protection measures as recommended in Section 8. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not cut, drill, grind or weld on empty

containers since explosive residues may remain. Refer to applicable EPA, OSHA, NFPA and consistent state and local requirements.

Storage Conditions: Store in properly closed containers that are appropriately labeled and in a cool,

well-ventilated area.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PELS:	OSHA - Vacated PELs	NIOSH IDLH
Ethyl Alcohol 64-17-5	1000 ppm STEL	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m ³	1000 ppm TWA 1900 mg/m³ TWA	3300 ppm
Natural Gasoline 8006-61-9	-	-	300 ppm TWA 900 mg/m³ TWA 500 ppm STEL 1500 mg/m³ STEL	-

Notes: The manufacturer has voluntarily elected to provide exposure limits contained in OSHA's

1989 air contaminants standard in its SDSs, even though certain of those exposure limits

were vacated in 1992.

Engineering measures: Local or general exhaust required in an enclosed area or when there is inadequate

ventilation. Use mechanical ventilation equipment that is explosion-proof.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection: When contact is possible, wear safety glasses with side shields.

Skin and body protection: Use nitrile rubber, viton or PVA gloves for repeated or prolonged skin exposure. Glove

suitability is based on workplace conditions and usage. Contact the glove manufacturer for

specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times.

Approved organic vapor chemical cartridge or supplied air respirators should be worn when Respiratory protection:

> significant vapors are generated. Observe respirator assigned protection factors (APFs) criteria cited in federal OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134. Self-contained breathing apparatus should

be used for fire fighting.

SDS ID NO.: 0153MAR019 Product name: Marathon Petroleum Denatured Alcohol Page 4 of 9

Revision Date: 06/01/2015

Hygiene measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with

skin, eyes and clothing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Colorless Liquid Color Colorless

Odor Very faint. Alcoholic Odor Threshold No available data.

Property Values (Method)
Melting Point / Freezing Point No available data.

Initial Boiling Point / Boiling Range 74-79.5 °C / 165-175 °F

Flash Point -20 °C / -5 °F
Evaporation Rate No available data.
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Flammability Limit in Air (%)

Upper Flammability Limit: 19 Lower Flammability Limit: 3.3

Vapor Pressure 43-47 mm Hg

Vapor Density 1.6 Specific Gravity / Relative Density 0.79

Water Solubility Appreciable Solubility in other solvents No available data.

Partition Coefficient 100%

Decomposition temperature: No available data. Not applicable. pH: **Autoignition Temperature** No available data. **Kinematic Viscosity** No available data. **Dynamic Viscosity** No available data. **Explosive Properties** No available data. **Softening Point** No available data. **VOC Content (%)** No available data. Density 6.6 lbs/gal Not applicable. **Bulk Density**

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

<u>Reactivity</u> The product is non-reactive under normal conditions.

<u>Chemical stability</u> Stable under recommended storage conditions.

<u>Possibility of hazardous reactions</u>

None under normal processing.

<u>Hazardous polymerization</u> Will not occur.

<u>Conditions to avoid</u> Sources of heat or ignition.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

None known under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Potential short-term adverse effects from overexposures

Inhalation Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system.

SDS ID NO.: 0153MAR019 Product name: Marathon Petroleum Denatured Alcohol Page 5 of 9

Eye contact Irritating to eyes.

Skin contact Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Ingestion May cause irritation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract. Aspiration into lungs may

result in pneumonitis.

Acute Toxicological data

Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Ethyl Alcohol 64-17-5	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	-	124.7 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Natural Gasoline 8006-61-9	>5000 mg/kg (rat)	> 5 mL/kg (rabbit)	>5000 mg/m³ (Rat) 4 h

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

ETHANOL: Repeated ingestion of ethanol can result in alcohol abuse, causing behavioral changes, memory loss, impaired judgement, decreased appetite, irregular heartbeats, and decreased fertility. Prolonged and repeated ingestion of ethanol has also been associated with cancers of the mouth, pharynx, esophagus and liver. Ethanol ingestion by pregnant women can cause miscarriage, low birth weight, premature birth and fetal alcohol syndrome. In males, acute and chronic alcohol ingestion may affect gonadal hormone levels. It may also affect the liver, kidney, brain, blood and cardiovascular system.

Revision Date: 06/01/2015

NAPHTHAS: In a large epidemiological study on over 15,000 employees at several petroleum refineries and amongst residents located near these refineries, no increased risk of kidney cancer was observed in association with gasoline exposures (a similar material). In a similar study, no increased risk of kidney cancer was observed among petroleum refinery workers, but there was a slight trend in the incidence of kidney cancers among service station employees, especially after a 30-year latency period.

ISOPARAFFINS: Studies in laboratory animals have shown that long-term exposure to similar materials (isoparaffins) can cause kidney damage and kidney cancer in male laboratory rats. However, in-depth research indicates that these findings are unique to the male rat, and that these effects are not relevant to humans.

Adverse effects related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Signs & Symptoms Causes eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, redness, swelling, tearing, and eye

damage. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause drying, reddening, itching and

cracking.

Sensitization Not expected to be a skin or respiratory sensitizer.

Mutagenic effects May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity Cancer designations are listed in the table below.

<u> </u>	3 41.100. 4100.		0.0 20.0	
Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
	(Class)	(Class)		
Ethyl Alcohol 64-17-5	Confirmed animal carcinogen (A3)	Alcoholic Beverages Carcinogenic to humans (1)	Alcoholic Beverage Consumption Known to be human carcinogen	Not Listed
Natural Gasoline 8006-61-9	Not Listed	Possibly carcinogenic to humans(2B)	Not Listed	Not Listed

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

Not classified.

SDS ID NO.: 0153MAR019 Product name: Marathon Petroleum Denatured Alcohol Page 6 of 9

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Potential for aspiration if swallowed.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

This product should be considered harmful to aquatic organisms, with the potential to cause long lasting adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Revision Date: 06/01/2015

Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Crustacea
Ethyl Alcohol 64-17-5	-	96-hr LC50 >1,000 mg/l Rainbow Trout (static) 96-hr LC50 >100 mg/l Fathead minnow (static)	-	48-hr LC50 >1,000 mg/l Daphnia magna
Natural Gasoline 8006-61-9	-	96-hr LC50 = 11 mg/l Rainbow Trout (static)	-	48-hr LC50 = 7.6 mg/l Daphnia magna

<u>Persistence and degradability</u> Readily biodegradable in the environment. The presence of ethanol in this product may

impede the biodegradation of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylene in groundwater,

resulting in elongated plumes of these constituents.

Bioaccummulation Not expected to bioaccumulate in aquatic organisms.

May partition into air, soil and water.

Other adverse effects No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Description of Waste Residues

This material may be a flammable liquid waste.

Safe Handling of Wastes

Handle in accordance with applicable local, state, and federal regulations. Use personal protection measures as required. Use appropriate grounding and bonding practices. Use only non-sparking tools. Do not expose to heat, open flames, strong oxidizers or other sources of ignition. No smoking.

Disposal of Wastes / Methods of Disposal

The user is responsible for determining if any discarded material is a hazardous waste (40 CFR 262.11). Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

Methods of Contaminated Packaging Disposal

Empty containers should be completely drained and then discarded or recycled, if possible. Do not cut, drill, grind or weld on empty containers since explosive residues may be present. Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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DOT (49 CFR 172.101):

Packing group:

UN Proper shipping name: Denatured Alcohol

UN/Identification No: NA 1987
Transport Hazard Class(es): 3

TDG (Canada):

UN Proper shipping name: Denatured Alcohol

UN/Identification No: NA 1987

Transport Hazard Class(es): 3
Packing group: II

SDS ID NO.: 0153MAR019 Product name: Marathon Petroleum Denatured Alcohol Page 7 of 9

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Regulatory Information:

US TSCA Chemical Inventory Section 8(b): This product and/or its components are listed on the TSCA

Chemical Inventory.

EPA Superfund Amendment & Reauthorization Act (SARA):

SARA Section 302: This product does not contain any component(s) included on EPA's Extremely Hazardous

Substance (EHS) List.

Name	CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs	
Ethyl Alcohol	NA	
Natural Gasoline	NA	

SARA Section 304: This product does not contain any component(s) identified as an EHS or a CERCLA

Hazardous substance, which in case of a spill or release may be subject to SARA reporting

Revision Date: 06/01/2015

requirements.

Name	CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities
Ethyl Alcohol	NA
Natural Gasoline	NA

SARA: The following EPA hazard categories apply to this product:

Acute Health Hazard Chronic Health Hazard

Fire Hazard

SARA Section 313: This product does not contain any components, which if in exceedance of the de minimus

threshold, may be subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic

Release Reporting (Form R).

Name	CERCLA/SARA 313 Emission reporting:
Ethyl Alcohol	None
Natural Gasoline	None

State and Community Right-To-Know Regulations:

The following component(s) of this material are identified on the regulatory lists below:

Ethyl Alcohol

Louisiana Right-To-Know: Not Listed.

California Proposition 65: Carcinogen, initial date 4/29/11 (in alcoholic beverages)

Carcinogen, initial date 7/1/88 (when associated with alcohol

abuse)

Developmental toxicity, initial date 10/1/87 (in alcoholic

beverages)

New Jersey Right-To-Know:

Pennsylvania Right-To-Know:

Massachusetts Right-To Know:

Florida Substance List:

Rhode Island Right-To-Know:

SN 0844

Present

Teratogen

Not Listed.

Toxic; Flammable

Michigan Critical Materials Register List: I oxic; Flammabl

Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances:
California - Regulated Carcinogens:
Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous
Not Listed.
Not Listed.
Not Listed.

Substances:

New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: Carcinogen; Flammable - third degree; Mutagen; Teratogen

New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Not Listed.

Substances List:

Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants Present

SDS ID NO.: 0153MAR019 Product name: Marathon Petroleum Denatured Alcohol Page 8 of 9

0153MAR019 Marathon Petroleum Denatured Alcohol

New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - Not Listed.

List of Hazardous Substances:

Natural Gasoline

Louisiana Right-To-Know:Not Listed.California Proposition 65:Not Listed.New Jersey Right-To-Know:Not Listed.Pennsylvania Right-To-Know:Not Listed.Massachusetts Right-To Know:Not Listed.Florida Substance List:Not Listed.

Rhode Island Right-To-Know: Toxic; Flammable

Michigan Critical Materials Register List:

Massachusetts Extraordinarily Hazardous Substances:
California - Regulated Carcinogens:
Pennsylvania RTK - Special Hazardous

Not Listed.
Not Listed.
Not Listed.

Substances:

New Jersey - Special Hazardous Substances: Not Listed.
New Jersey - Environmental Hazardous Not Listed.

Substances List:

Illinois - Toxic Air Contaminants Not Listed.

New York - Reporting of Releases Part 597 - Not Listed.

List of Hazardous Substances:

Canada DSL/NDSL Inventory: This product and/or its components are listed either on the Domestic Substances List (DSL)

or are exempt.

Canadian Regulatory Information: "This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled

Products Regulations and the (M)SDS contains all the information required by the

Revision Date: 06/01/2015

Controlled Products Regulations."

Name	Canada - WHMIS: Classifications of Substances:	Canada - WHMIS: Ingredient Disclosure:
Ethyl Alcohol	B2,D2B	0.1%
Natural Gasoline	B2,D2A	0.1%



NOTE: Not Applicable.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By Toxicology and Product Safety

Revision Date: 06/01/2015

Revision Note:

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is intended as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, accidental release, clean-up and disposal and is not considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

SDS ID NO.: 0153MAR019 Product name: Marathon Petroleum Denatured Alcohol Page 9 of 9