

Material Safety Data Sheet



Halocarbon R-113 (1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane)

Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name	: Halocarbon R-113 (1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane)
Supplier	: AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
Synonym	: Ethane, 1,1,2-trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoro-; 1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane; 1,2,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane; Algofrene 113; TTE; Refrigerant 113; Halocarbon 113; Genetron 113; Freon 113; CFC-113
MSDS #	: 001098
Date of Preparation/ Revision	: 7/22/2014.
In case of emergency	: 1-866-734-3438

Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical state	: Liquid. [COLORLESS TO WATER-WHITE LIQUID WITH AN ODOR LIKE CARBON TETRACHLORIDE (AT HIGH CONCENTRATIONS) [NOTE: A GAS ABOVE 118 F.]]
Emergency overview	: CAUTION! MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite.
Target organs	: May cause damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS).
Routes of entry	: Inhalation Dermal Eyes
Potential acute health effects	
Eyes	: Slightly irritating to the eyes.
Skin	: Irritating to skin.
Inhalation	: Acts as a simple asphyxiant.
Ingestion	: Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases
Potential chronic health effects	
Chronic effects	: May cause target organ damage, based on animal data.
Target organs	: May cause damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS).
Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure	: Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>% Volume</u>	<u>Exposure limits</u>
-------------	-------------------	-----------------	------------------------

Halocarbon R-113 (1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane)

Halocarbon R-113 (1,1,
2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane)

76-13-1

100

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 7670 mg/m³ 8 hours.

STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.

STEL: 9590 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 7600 mg/m³ 8 hours.

STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.

STEL: 9500 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).

TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.

TWA: 7600 mg/m³ 10 hours.

STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.

STEL: 9500 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 7600 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : Non-flammable.
- Products of combustion** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
 - carbon dioxide
 - carbon monoxide
 - halogenated compounds
 - carbonyl halides
- Fire-fighting media and instructions** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
 - Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
- Methods for cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Storage** : Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Engineering controls** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Personal protection**
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Personal protection in case of a large spill** : Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product.

Product name

1,1,2-trichlorotrifluoroethane

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 7670 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 9590 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 7600 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 9500 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Halocarbon R-113 (1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane)

NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).

TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.

TWA: 7600 mg/m³ 10 hours.

STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.

STEL: 9500 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 7600 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Molecular weight	: 187.37 g/mole
Molecular formula	: C2-Cl3-F3
Boiling/condensation point	: 47.7°C (117.9°F)
Melting/freezing point	: -35°C (-31°F)
Critical temperature	: 214.1°C (417.4°F)
Vapor pressure	: @ 70°F (21.1°C) = 5.6 psia (38.6 kPa)
Vapor density	: 6.5 (Air = 1)
Specific Volume (ft ³ /lb)	: 0.6349
Gas Density (lb/ft ³)	: 1.575

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity	: The product is stable.
Incompatibility with various substances	: Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: metals.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Toxicity data

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,1,2-trichlorotrifluoroethane	LD Dermal	Rabbit	>11 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	43 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	155540 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	38500 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	38000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	38000 ppm	4 hours

IDLH : 2000 ppm

Chronic effects on humans : **CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS:** A4 (Not classifiable for humans or animals.) by ACGIH. May cause damage to the following organs: blood, liver, heart, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, skin, central nervous system (CNS).

Other toxic effects on humans : No specific information is available in our database regarding the other toxic effects of this material to humans.

Specific effects

Carcinogenic effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenic effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproduction toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Not available.

Environmental fate : Not available.

Environmental hazards : This product shows a low bioaccumulation potential.

Toxicity to the environment : Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation. Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc. Do not dispose of locally.

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	Not applicable (gas).		The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes. <u>Reportable quantity</u> 5000 lbs / 2270 kg [380.74 gal / 1441.3 L] Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	Not applicable (gas).		<u>Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index</u> 5
Mexico Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	Not applicable (gas).		-

Halocarbon R-113 (1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane)

“Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product.”

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.
TSCA 12(b) annual export notification: 1,1,2-trichlorotrifluoroethane
SARA 302/304: No products were found.
SARA 311/312 Hazards identification: Delayed (chronic) health hazard

SARA 313

	<u>Product name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>Concentration</u>
Form R - Reporting requirements	: Halocarbon R-113 (1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane)	76-13-1	100
Supplier notification	: Halocarbon R-113 (1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane)	76-13-1	100

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations : **Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting**: This material is not listed.
Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: This material is not listed.
Florida substances: This material is not listed.
Illinois Chemical Safety Act: This material is not listed.
Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: This material is not listed.
Louisiana Reporting: This material is not listed.
Louisiana Spill: This material is not listed.
Massachusetts Spill: This material is not listed.
Massachusetts Substances: This material is listed.
Michigan Critical Material: This material is not listed.
Minnesota Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.
New Jersey Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.
New Jersey Spill: This material is not listed.
New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: This material is not listed.
New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.
New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: This material is not listed.
Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.
Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).
CEPA Toxic substances: This material is listed.
Canadian ARET: This material is not listed.
Canadian NPRI: This material is listed.
Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed.
Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed.
Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Section 16. Other information

United States

Label requirements : MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

Canada

Label requirements : Not controlled under WHMIS (Canada).

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	:	Health	1
		Flammability	0
		Physical hazards	0



Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.